

12604 EARLY MEADOW WY

19507218

1/7/2008

duponbj

Groundwater and Wastewater Services File Imaging Project
May 2007
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N.C. Department of Environment and Natural Resources
Division of Environmental Health

Inspection of Engineered Subsurface Wastewater System

Mecklenburg County	Hill Residence	4965B
Health Department	**Name of Establishment**	**Permit/Project No.**
12604 Early Meadow Wy. Charlotte 28227	4-Bedroom House	480 GPD
Location	**Type of Establishment**	**Design Flow**
Richard & Roslyn Hill	Same as location address	
Owner/Agent	**Address**	**Phone**
RCS, Inc.		
Operator	**Address**	**Phone**
IV	11/28/2005	November 2008
System Type	**Date of Inspection**	**Next Inspection Due**

	Yes	No	N/A	Comments:
1. ESTABLISHMENT:				
a. Type, size, and sewage flow in accordance with permit?	☒	☐	☐	
2. COLLECTION SYSTEM:				
a. No evidence of leaks into or out from sewer lines/manholes?	☐	☒	☐	2.a. Evidence of surface water entering
b. Free of blockages/solids buildup in lines or manholes?	☒	☐	☐	pump tank riser at seam.
3. TANKAGE: (Grease Traps/Lift Stations/Septic/Dosing Tanks)				
a. Tank risers accessible and surface water diverted?	☒	☐	☐	3.a. Keep vegetation trimmed around
b. Tanks and access manholes structurally sound, watertight?	☒	☐	☐	riser & control panel.
c. Sanitary tee(s) in good working condition?.....	☐	☐	☒	3.c. Sanitary tee not inspected.
d. Tanks pumped, cleaned out as needed?.....	☒	☐	☐	
4. RAW SEWAGE LIFT STATION (if present):				
a. Required pumps present, operating, and cycling properly	☐	☐	☒	
b. High-water alarm present and operating properly?	☐	☐	☒	
c. Floats/pipe/valves/disconnects in good condition?	☐	☐	☒	
5. EFFLUENT DOSING SYSTEM:				
a. Effluent appears clear, free of excess solids?	☒	☐	☐	5.a. Measured an average of 3" of solids in the pump tank.
A. PUMP SYSTEMS:				
a. Required pumps present, operating, and cycling properly?	☒	☐	☐	
b. High-water alarm present and operating properly?	☒	☐	☐	
c. Floats/pipe/valves/disconnects in good working condition?	☒	☐	☐	
d. Control panel enclosure/components in good condition?	☒	☐	☐	
e. Elapsed time readings: _____ _____ _____ _____				
B. SIPHON SYSTEMS:				
a. No evidence of overflow or siphon leakage?	☐	☐	☒	
b. Siphon(s) appear to be working/alternating properly?	☐	☐	☒	
c. Bells and vents free of debris and in good condition?	☐	☐	☒	

	Yes	No	N/A	Comments:
6. GROUND ABSORPTION FIELDS:				
a. No evidence of effluent surfacing/reaching surface waters?	☒	☐	☐	
b. Minimal ponding in subsurface trenches?	☒	☐	☐	
c. Surface water being effectively diverted away?	☒	☐	☐	
d. Diversions/ditches/swales/tiles drains properly maintained?	☒	☐	☐	
e. Line cover/vegetation adequate/maintained as needed?	☒	☐	☐	
f. Protected from traffic, destructive uses?	☒	☐	☐	6.f. Irrigation installed in
g. Distribution devices in good condition, working properly?	☒	☐	☐	drainfield area. Fence has been
h. Repair area properly reserved, maintained?	☒	☐	☐	constructed on portion of drainfield.
A. LOW PRESSURE PIPE DRAIN FIELDS:				
a. Turnups/cleanouts/valves intact and accessible?	☒	☒	☐	
b. No effluent standing in lower laterals?	☒	☐	☐	
c. Laterals free of excess solids, cleaned out as needed?	☐	☐	☒	6.A.c.d. Services to be performed by
d. Pressure head is properly adjusted?	☐	☐	☒	your Certified Operator.

OVERALL CONDITION AND OPERATION OF SYSTEM:

1. No problems detected with system operation at the time of inspection.
2. No sewage observed on ground surface at the time of inspection.

SUMMARY OF REPAIRS REQUIRED AT THIS TIME:

1. Ensure that your certified operator is conducting system maintenance & inspections at least 2 times per year. You are required to keep a current contract for this type of septic system at all times.

***Note: We have not received the $85 inspection fee at this time. Please submit payment ASAP.

***REPAIR WITHIN N/A DAYS.**

SYSTEM MAINTENANCE/IMPROVEMENTS REQUIRED:

*The MCHD recommends having the tanks (septic & dosing) pumped out every 3 to 5 years to remove excess solids.
*Please visit http://groundwater.charmeck.org for additional information.

1. Reseal pump tank riser to prevent surface water from entering the pump tank.
2. Limit irrigation usage over drainfield area. Excessive watering over drainfield may cause a premature system failure.

DATE: 11/29/2005

SIGNED: _____, RST AGENT
Division of Environmental Health

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION/OPERATION PERMIT

HEALTH DEPARTMENT
ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DIVISION
700 NORTH TRYON ST., SUITE 211
CHARLOTTE, NC 28202
PHONE (704) 336-5102

FILE: 4965 B DATE: 11-23-02

TC: 195-072-18 ☒ L ☒ CRT

SERIAL 19067

Name of Owner Ryan Homes Juris.: _____

Address of Property 12604 Early Meadow Way.

Inspection Data:

Tank Material PCC

Total Length of Drainfield 300'

Number of Lines 6 @ 50'

Cover Depth 12"

Water Supply Source Community

Distance to Water Source >100'

Excavation Inspected 11-23-02

Tank(s) Inspected 11-23-02

Wash Line Inspected N/A.

High Water Alarm Inspected 11-23-02

* See Approved Plan on File. *

PLOT

Design _____ CTR# RCS

The undersigned has inspected the Septic Tank System described above, and certifies it has been

☐ installed or constructed ☐ altered or repaired

☐ in accordance with the permit issued ☐ as detailed in the plot above

and meets the provisions of I5A NCAC 18A. 1900, "Laws And Rules For Sewage Treatment and Disposal Systems" in effect on the date of issuance of the permit. This issuance of this

☐ Certificate of Completion ☐ Operation Permit

does not in any way guarantee that the system will operate properly or relieve any person now or hereafter owning, controlling, or using such system from any liability resulting from the failure of the system to operate properly. This document is issued subject to those restrictions and conditions shown on the permit(s) and the provisions of I5A NCAC 18A. 1990 in addition to those listed below under "COMMENTS." This document shall be null and void if any information contained in the *application is untrue or if any additions are made to the property which would increase the requirements for said system.*

Notice: Disturbance of the designated repair area may result in the suspension/revocation of this permit.

COMMENTS: Type II system designed for a (4) bedroom design unit Type II Repair Area.

Joshua R. Sellers R.S.
Environmental Health Specialist

Mecklenburg County services are available without regard to ethnic origin, sex, or disability.

4965B

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF Meck

ATTN: JOSH / GWYN

THIS AGREEMENT is made and entered into this 3 day of December, 2002 by and between Ryan Homes (hereinafter the "Owner") and R.C.S., Inc., Joe R. Hudson (hereinafter the "Contractor").

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the Owner owns or controls the property upon which a ground absorption sewage treatment (hereinafter the "system") is installed, such system being designated a Type T&J system under the Rules for Sanitary Sewage Colection, Treatment and Disposal found at 15A N.C. Admin. Code 18A.1900 et seq.; and

WHEREAS, 15A N.C. Admin.Code 18A.1961 requires a contract to be executed between the system owner and a management entity prior to the issuance of an Operation Permit for said system: and

WHEREAS, 15A N.C. Admin. Code 18A.1961 requires that a condition of the Operation Permit for said system be that a properly executed contract between the system owner and a management entity shall be in effect for as long as the system is in use; and

WHEREAS, the Contractor is a management entity of a type authorized by 15A N.C. Admin. Code 18A.1961 to manage a Type T&J system.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual covenants and promises contained in this Agreement, it is hereby agreed by and between the Owner and the Contractor as stipulated below.

1. The Contractor's Obligations. The Contractor shall perform the following services on the Owner's system located at 12604 Early Meadow Way Heathfield Lot 28

a. The Contractor shall inspect the system at least at the frequency required in Table V(b) of 15A N.C. Admin. Code 18A.1961(b) for a Type T&J system.

b. The Contractor shall perform th following routine maintenance procedures in accordance with the conditions of the Operation Permit:

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COUNTY OF Meck

(1) (from the operation permit)
(2)
(3)

c. The Contractor shall report the results of its inspections to the local health department at the frequency specified in Table V(b) of 15A N.C. Admin. Code 18A.1961(b) for a Type T&J system.

d. If an inspection indicates the need for system repairs, the Contractor shall notify the local health department within 48 hours of the inspection.

e. The Contractor shall notify the Owner of needed repairs which are outside of the scope of routine maintenance described in subparagraph (b) above. The Contractor shall perform necessary repairs to the system at the request of the Owner and shall be entitled to payment therefor at the Contractor's normal charge for services and materials.

f. The Contractor shall employ of shall contract with a certified operator(s) if required by Table V(b) of 15A N.C. Admin. Code 18A.1961(b) for a Type T&J System.

g. The Contractor shall respond to a request for a nonscheduled service or maintenance call within 24-48 hours after receipt of such request depending on the urgency of the request.

2. The Owner's Obligations.

a. The Owner shall pay to the Contractor the sum of $ 200.00 per year for periodic inspections, routine maintenance procedures and periodic reports. The annual fee may be amended upon sixty(60) days advance notice to the Owner but may not be increased more than 20 percent per year. The Owner shall pay to the Contractor his normal and customary fees for any work performed on the system as a result of nonscheduled service or maintenance calls. All fees are due and payable within thirty (30) days shall accrue interest from the due date until paid at a rate of 15 percent per month.

b. Within 10 days of receipt of notice of needed repairs pursuant to paragraph 1.e. above, the Owner shall request the Contractor to complete needed repairs or shall provide to the Contractor evidence that the needed repairs were satisfactorily completed by another entity.

c. The Owner shall provide the Contractor with such access to the system as is reasonably necessary for the Contractor to comply with the terms of this Agreement.

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3. Term. This Agreement shall remain in effect until terminated.

a. Automatic Termination.
This agreement shall automatically terminate if the Operation Permit for the system is revoked and all appeals of the revocation are exhausted or time for taking an appeal; has passed.

b. Termination by Mutual Consent.
The Parties may mutually agree to terminate this Agreement by giving written notice of termination by mutual consent to the local health department thirty (30) days in advance of the date of termination.

c. Termination by the Owner.
The Owner may terminate this Agreement by giving notice to the Contractor and to the local health department thirty (30) days in advance to the date of termination.

d. Termination by the Contractor.

(1.) The Contractor may terminate this Agreement for cause by giving written notice of intent to terminate this Agreement to the Owner and to the local health department thirty (30) days is advance of the date of termination. Cause shall be defined as:

(a) failure to remit payment for any bill for services performed under and in accordance with this Agreement if said bill is not is not paid within thirty (30) days of receipt by the Owner of the bill. If said bill is paid after notice of termination is given but prior to the date of termination of this Agreement, this Agreement shall continue in effect: or

(b) failure of the Owner to provide to the Contractor authorization to complete needed repairs or satisfactory evidence that needed repairs to the system were completed by another entity within 10 days of receipt of notice of needed repairs pursuant ot paragraph I.e. above. If said authorization to comlete needed repairs or evidence of completion of said repairs is provided after notice of termination is given but prior to the date of termination of this Agreement, this Agreement shall continue in effect;

(c) failure of the Owner to allow the Contractor such access to the system as is reasonably necessary in order for the Contractor to comply with the terms of this Agreement.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF Meck

(2) The Contractor may not terminate this Agreement without cause, but may assign its rights and duties under this Agreement as provided in paragraph 4, below.

4. Assignment.

a. Assignment by the Owner. The Owner shall notify the Contractor of the name and address of any purchaser of the property on which the system is located. The Owner shall also notify any purchaser of the property on which the system is located of the existence of this Agreement and shall assign all tights and duties under this Agreement to said purchaser.

b. Assignment by the Contractor. The Contractor may assign its rights and duties under this Agreement to another management entity which is qualified pursuant to 15A NC Admin. Code 18A.1961 to manage a Type lpp system upon thirty (30) days written notice to the Owner and to the local health department.

5. Use of Subcontractors. The Contractor may subcontract with such manufacturers, suppliers and contractors as it deems desirable to perform any of the Contractor's duties under this Agreement. The Contractor shall at all times remain responsible for the performance of and payment for all work performed by all subcontractors.

6. Representations. The Parties represent to each other that each has the power, authority and legal right to enter into and perform its obligations as set forth in this Agreement.

7. Regulatory Amendments. References in this Agreement to sections of the Administrative Code shall include such rules as they may be amended in the future.

8. No Implied Waiver. The waiver by either Party of a default or a breach by the other Party of any provision of this Agreement shall not operate or be construed to operate as a waiver of any subsequent default or breach. The failure at any time of either Party to enforce any provision of this Agreement (a) shall not be construed to be a waiver of such provisions, or of any other provision; and (b) shall not in any way affect the validity of this Agreement, or any part of this Agreement, or the right of either Party thereafter to enforce each and every provision of this Agreement.

9. Notice. Every notice required under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed sufficiently given if delivered in person or sent by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid to the Party to be notified and addressed as follows:

To the Owner: Ryan Homes
10816 David Taylor Drive
Charlotte, N.C. 28227

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF Meck

To the Contractor:
R.C.S. ,Inc.
Joe R. Hudson
PO Box 708
Monroe, NC 28111

To the Local Health Department:
Mecklenburgy Environmental Health Department
700 North Tryon Street
Charlotte,NC 28202

The date of any Notice shall be the date of personal delivery or the date shown on the return receipt as the date of delivery of attempted delivery, as the case may be. Changes in the respective addresses to which notice may be directed may be made form time to time by either Party by notice to the other party/

10. Place of Agreement. This Agreement and any questions concerning its validity, construction or performance shall be governed by the laws of the State of North Carolina, notwithstanding the place of execution, or the order in which the signatures of the Parties are affixed.

11. Entire Agreement and Amendment. This Agreement supersedes all prior negotiations, agreements and understandings between the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof. To be effective, any amendment or modification to this Agreement must be in writing and must be signed by the Parties.

12. Severability. In the event that any provision of this Agreement shall, for any reason, be determined to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, the Parties shall negotiate in good faith and agree to such amendments, modifications or supplements of or to this Agreement of such other appropriate actions as shall to the maximum extent practicable in light of such determination, implement and give effect to the intentions of the Parties as reflected in this Agreement, and the other provisions of this Agreement shall, as so amended, modified, supplemented or otherwise affected by such action, remain in full force and effect.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have executed this Agreement in duplicate originals, one of which is retained by each of the Parties, the day and year first above written.

Robert Barbee
(Owner)
Project manager
Ryan Homes EAST

Attest:

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF Mack

(Contractor)

Attest:

INSTALLATION, CONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION, AND/OR REPAIR APPROVAL

HEALTH DEPARTMENT
ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DIVISION
700 NORTH TRYON ST., SUITE 211
CHARLOTTE, NC 28202
PHONE (704) 336-5102

FILE: 49653 DATE: 11-22-02

TC: 195-072-18 ☐ L

SERIAL 19255

Permission is hereby given to ✓ Install or Construct, _____ Alter or Repair the individual septic tank wastewater treatment system with subsurface, soil absorption, effluent discharge as specified herein at the described location. This permit is granted based upon the information supplied in the application dated 05-22-02. All work shall be completed on or before 12-22-02, after which date this permit shall be null and void. The system shall meet all of the construction requirements of I5A NCAC 18A. 1900 which are in effect on the date of the granting of this permit. A Certificate of Completion or an Operation Permit must be obtained from the Mecklenburg County Health Department before any system can be covered up or placed into service. The issuance of this permit does not in any way guarantee that the system anticipated to be constructed will operate properly, or relieve any person now or hereafter owning, controlling or using such system from any liability resulting from the failure of the system to operate properly.

"Install per approved" Plan on file

PLOT OF SYSTEM

Liquid Capacity of Septic Tank 1500 gallons

Liquid Capacity of Dosing Tank 1000 gallons

Tank Construction PCC

Trench Depth ≤ 48"

Absorption and/or Nitrification Lines:

Trench Width 3' feet

Trench Walls Scored and Porous yes

Total Line Length 300' feet

Number of Lines 6@50'

Depth of Stone N/A inches

Distance from House >5' feet

Distance from Property Line >10' feet

Distance from Well >100' feet

NOTICE: This system shall not be installed while soils are in a wet condition.

NAME OF OWNER Ryan Homes

LOCATION OF PROPERTY 12604 Early Meadow Way

Comments: Type IV system designed for a (4) bedroom design unit. Type IV repair area.

Joshua R. Sellers R.S.
Environmental Health Specialist

WHITE - HEALTH DEPARTMENT's COPY • CANARY - E.H.S. COPY • PINK - OWNER OR AGENT's COPY

FEE: 30.00 / 33575 **AUTHORIZATION FOR WASTEWATER SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION** Land
DATE: 9/9 CS **VOID SIXTY (60) MONTHS FROM DATE OF ISSUANCE** ACS X

DATE: 09-09-02 PERMIT NO: 4965 B
PARCEL NO: 195-072-18

JOB LOCATION ADDRESS: 12604 Early Meadow Way
PROPERTY OWNER: Ryan Homes
BUILDING CONTRACTOR: Same
SUBDIVISION NAME: Heathlake Dr.
AUTHORIZATION ISSUED BY: Joshua R. Sillers R.S. DATE: 09-09-02
DEHNR AUTHORIZED AGENT

AUTHORIZATION CONDITIONS

1. WASTEWATER SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION AND INSTALLATION MUST MEET ALL CONDITIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS AS SET FORTH IN IMPROVEMENT PERMIT NO. 4965 B, AND THE ATTACHED SITE PLAN WITH SYSTEM DETAILS. CONSTRUCTION AND INSTALLATION MUST ALSO MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN THE RULES GOVERNING SANITARY SEWAGE COLLECTION, TREATMENT, AND DISPOSAL AND ANY OTHER APPLICABLE RULES AND LAWS.

2. AN INSTALLATION, CONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION AND/OR REPAIR APPROVAL MUST BE SECURED **PRIOR** TO INSTALLATION OF THE SEPTIC TANK SYSTEM. THE INSTALLER OF THE SYSTEM SHALL BE A REGISTERED SEPTIC TANK CONTRACTOR WITH MECKLENBURG COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

3. ANY ALTERATION IN SITE OR SOIL CONDITIONS (INCLUDING LOCATION OF STRUCTURES AND APPURTENANCES) OR MODIFICATION IN USE, DESIGN WASTEWATER FLOW, OR WASTEWATER CHARACTERISTICS AS SPECIFIED IN THE ASSOCIATED IMPROVEMENT PERMIT AND APPLICATION, MAY SUBJECT THIS AUTHORIZATION AND ASSOCIATED PERMIT(S) TO REVOCATION.

4. OTHER CONDITIONS: Install in accordance with approved plans on file dated 09-04-02. Certified operator contract must be on file before OP issuance. Surface levels to be installed @ property line

OWNER CERTIFICATION

I CERTIFY THAT THERE HAVE BEEN NO ALTERATIONS IN SITE OR SOIL CONDITIONS OR MODIFICATIONS TO FACILITY, WASTEWATER FLOW, OR WASTEWATER CHARACTERISTICS FROM THOSE SPECIFIED IN THE ORIGINAL APPLICATION OR ASSOCIATED IMPROVEMENT PERMIT UNLESS AUTHORIZED IN WRITING BY THE MECKLENBURG COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT. I ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT ANY SUCH ALTERATIONS, MODIFICATIONS, OR FALSE INFORMATION ARE GROUNDS FOR REVOCATION OF PERMITS AND AUTHORIZATION TO CONSTRUCT.

SIGNATURE OF OWNER/OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE DATE

Permit Number: 4965 B

Tax Number: 195-072-18

The IMPROVEMENT PERMIT is subject to revocation if site plans or the intended use change. There is to be NO grading, filling or disturbance of the soil in the area of the septic tank system or repair area.

CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATION must be obtained prior to receiving a Building Permit. The Construction Authorization is NOT transferable. Do not clear, grade, fill or disturb soil prior to obtaining a Construction Authorization.

Domestic-type wastewater only. No industrial process wastewater may be discharged into the system.

Basement	___ Yes	✓ No	___ Partial Basement	
Type Primary Wastewater System Type (circle one) I II III (IV) V VI	___ Conventional ✓ Prefabricated, permeable block panel system ___ Shallow Placed Conventional	___ Low Pressure Pipe ___ Large Diameter Pipe ___ Fill ___ Other	___ Innovative or Experimental: ___ IWWS-93-1 ___ IWWS-93-2 ___ IWWS-94-1	
.269 .269 Long-term acceptance rate	480 Max gallons/day wastewater flow	900 Absorption Area (sq ft)	9' Trench spacing (min. on centers)	
N Serviced by private well	1500 Gallon septic tank	300 Total trench length (ft)	48" Maximum trench depth (At least 12" of provisionally suitable soil must remain between trench bottom and unsuitable soil conditions)	
4 Bedrooms in residence	1000 Gallon pump tank	N/A Depth of stone		

Any surface waters present: NO Type: Minimum separation distance:

Site modifications required: Surface Swale to be installed @ Property line

Additional Conditions: Install in accordance w/ approved Plan on File Dated 09-04-02. Certified Operator Contract must be on File before OP issuance

Repair Area System Type Type (circle one) I II III (IV) V VI	___ Conventional ✓ Prefabricated, permeable block panel system ___ Shallow Placed Conventional	___ Low Pressure Pipe ___ Large Diameter Pipe ___ Fill ___ Other	___ Innovative or Experimental: ___ IWWS-93-1 ___ IWWS-93-2 ___ IWWS-94-1	
900 Absorption Area (Sq ft) 300 Total Trench Length (Ft)	~~300~~ Depth of Stone Trench N/A	9' Trench spacing (min. on centers)	48" Maximum Trench Depth	

For existing system, enter the year originally installed:

The undersigned, an authorized agent of the MECKLENBURG COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT, certifies that the Department has approved the Request for th Job Location contained in this document. This approval is granted in accordance with the provisions of Laws and Rules For Sewage, Treatment and Disposal in effe at the time of issuance of the permit and is subject to the following provisions:

- No work shall be conducted on the septic tank system until an Installation, Construction, Alteration and/or Repair Approval is granted by this Departmer
- This Improvement permit is transferable.

Joshua R. Sellers R.S. 09-09-02

DEHNR Authorized Agent Date

Owner/Agent Signature Date

MECKLENBURG COUNTY
HEALTH DEPARTMENT
ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DIVISION
c/o HAL MARSHALL CTR.
SUITE 211
700 N. TRYON ST.
CHARLOTTE, N.C. 28202.
(704) 336-5102

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF
ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH,
AND NATURAL RESOURCES
DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
ON-SITE WASTEWATER SECTION

IWWS-100195

RESIDENTIAL LOW PRESSURE T & J PANEL SEPTIC SYSTEM FOR SUBSURFACE WASTEWATER DISPOSAL LOT 28 HEATH LAKE DRIVE

MCHD FILE #4965B

Prepared for:
Mr. Scott Alexander
Ryan Homes
10815 David Taylor Drive
Charlotte, North Carolina 28227

Prepared by:
Toney C. Jacobs & Associates, Inc.
168 Broadbill Drive
Mooresville, North Carolina 28117
office (704) 663-6905
fax (704) 662-9845
E-mail jacobs@i-america.net



September 4, 2002

Copy: Mr. Joshua R. Sellers, R.S.
MCHD-IWWS
700 N. Tyron Street
Charlotte, NC 28202

Paul G. Penninger, LSS

BACKGROUND

Lot 28 Heath Lake Drive is in a new subdivision in Mecklenburg County. The lot is approximately 30,000 ft^2. The soils on the lot were evaluated by Mr. Bill Marlin of the Mecklenburg County Health Department (MCHD) on June 8, 2002. Mr. Marlin classified the four pits described as provisionally suitable at a 0.275-0.3 gpd/ft^2 LTAR. The pits were adjacent to Heath Lake Drive and along the right property line, at the storm drain.

There was a ditch crossing the front of the lot as shown on Bill's sketch and the attached site plan. This was evidently dug during road construction to divert water to a temporary sediment basin. We feel this should now be filled and compacted with clean soil since the roads are now complete and the storm drains are installed. The proposed layout requires this ditch be filled so there is not a mandatory 15 ft. setback.

Toney C. Jacobs and Associates, Inc. performed a preliminary site walkover on August 27, 2002 and flagged the proposed system on September 3, 2002. The site plan was provided by Ryan Homes and they had flagged the house in the field. Due to the limited available space on the lot, a T & J panel block septic system is the best system option for the lot. We are recommending a pressure T & J panel block system with 300 ft. of line for the primary system and the required 100% repair. This is slightly more line than required by the LTAR proposed by Bill Marlin. The proposed system will be a Type IV and require a maintenance contract with a certified operator. As stated previously, each line of the proposed system is flagged in the field, as shown on the attached site plan.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

1. Owner: Ryan Homes
   10815 David Taylor Drive
   Charlotte, NC 28227

   Soil Scientists
   and Designers: Mr. Paul Penninger, LSS
   Toney C. Jacobs & Associates, Inc.
   168 Broadbill Drive
   Mooresville, NC 28117
   (704) 663-6905 (Office)
   (704) 662-9845 (fax)
   E-mail jacobs@i-america.net

2. Water supply is provided by a public water system.

3. Facility to be served by the proposed system is a 4-bedroom single family residence.

LOCATION

The property is located at the intersection of Heath Lake Dr. and Early Meadow Drive.

REFERENCES

Design and Installation of Low Pressure Pipe Waste Treatment Systems by: Craig Cogger, Bobby L. Carlile, Dennis Osborne, Ed Holland; published by UNC Sea Grant College Pub. UNC-SC-82-03, May 1982.

Law and Rules for Sewage Treatment and Disposal Systems, 15A NCAC 18A, Section .1900, Department of Environment Health and Natural Resources, August 1, 1998.

T & J Design Manual.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SPECIFIC SYSTEM COMPONENTS

Septic Tank

1. The septic tank receives wastewater directly from the house.
2. A septic tank shall be watertight, structurally sound, and not subject to excessive corrosion or decay.
3. The septic tank must be of two-compartment design for maximum solids retention. The inlet compartment of two-compartment tank shall hold between two-thirds and three-fourths of the total tank capacity.
4. Effluent from the two-compartment septic tank flows by gravity through a State approved effluent filter and a four-inch solid PVC pipe to the pumping tank.
5. Both the septic tank and pumping tank must be provided with above ground approved manhole risers to provide easy access for clean-out and pump service.
6. When prefabricated concrete tanks or tanks of other material are used, they shall be constructed in accordance with the plans which have been approved by the State and shall comply with all requirements of Section .1953 of 15A NCAC 18A.
7. On the outlet tee of the septic tank an effluent filter must be installed. This filter should be equivalent to a Zabel Model A1800 or other State approved unit supplied by the tank manufacturer.

Pumping Tank

1. The pumping tank shall have an access manhole extending at least 6 inches above finished grade.
2. A septic tank effluent pump that will not be corroded by sewage shall be used in the pumping tank.

3. The pump must be placed on two concrete blocks set next to each other on the bottom of the tank. This prevents the pumping of any solid particles that can clog the system.
4. A piece of nylon rope or other non-corrodible material should be attached to the pump and to the outlet pipe for lifting the pump in and out of the chamber.
5. The lower level control or "pump-off" must be positioned above the pump, so that the pump remains submerged at all time.
6. The pump outlet pipe should be connected to the supply manifold with a threaded PVC union to allow quick removal.
7. Pump and Simplex control circuits shall be provided with manual circuit disconnects within a watertight, corrosion-resistant, outside enclosure (NEMA 4X or equivalent) adjacent to the pump tank, securely mounted at least 12 inches above finished grade. Pump control (Simplex) may be mounted on side of house if long cord pump is used. The pump shall be manually operable without requiring the use of special tools or entrance into the tank for testing purposes. Conductors shall be conveyed to the disconnect enclosure through water proof, gas proof, and corrosion-resistant conduits, with no splices or junction boxes provided inside the tank. Wire grips, duct seal or other suitable material shall be used to seal around wire and wire conduit openings inside the pump tank and disconnect enclosure. There shall be two electric circuits for controls: one for pump power, one for the alarm. These will require 2 circuit breakers.
8. The pump tank shall have a properly functioning high-water alarm. The alarm circuit shall be supplied ahead of any pump overload and short circuit protective devices. It should be on a separate electrical circuit from the pump power line. The alarm shall be audible and visible by system users and included in the pump and control enclosure (Simplex Panel). The alarm is activated if the water level in the pump tank rises above the "pump-on" float control. The tank provides at least one day or more of excess storage capacity (depending on water use in the home) during which time the system must be repaired.
9. Float switch for the high water alarm shall be set no more than 3 inches above the high water level of pump cycle.
10. Float switch tie downs to be made of corrosion resistant material, no tape or metal hose clamps. For maintenance flexibility, tree must be used to set floats.
11. Watertight testing per .1900 rules shall be required on two piece pump tanks.
12. Wiring between the pumping tank and the house should meet State and local code requirements.

Pipe and Fittings

1. All pipes and fitting should be made of SCH 40 PVC.
2. All joints must be sealed with appropriate PVC-solvent cement.
3. There should be a threaded PVC union above the pump to allow easy removal or replacement.
4. A gate valve for final pressure adjustment is installed in the supply line inside the pumping tank.

5. Manifold and valve as shown in specifications.
6. Lateral lines are made of 1 1/4 inch SCH 40 PVC placed in T & J panels. Holes in laterals are drilled on-site.
7. The end of each lateral is equipped with a capped "turn-up" that provides above ground access for clean-out or back flushing of the laterals. Using (2) 45-degree elbows rather than a 90-degree elbow for the turn-ups will make clean-out easier.

CONSTRUCTION INSTALLATION

Site Preparation

1. One of the most important concerns for an on-site system is to protect the site from soil disturbance by heavy equipment.
2. Now that the absorption area has been designed and flagged, it should be roped off and protected from construction traffic. No site preparation or construction work should occur if the soil is wet.
3. The site is relatively clear of brush and small trees. Minimum site disturbance should be necessary. **Do Not Grade!**
4. Provisions must be made for intercepting or diverting surface water away from the absorption area.
5. The ditch that divides the primary and repair fields should be filled and compacted with clean soil material. There should be no other grading or filling in the field area.

Tank Installation

1. The two-compartment septic tank is installed.
2. The pumping tank is installed next to the septic tank.
3. The tanks are connected with an appropriate length of solid, four-inch PVC pipe.

Supply Manifold

1. The supply manifold conveys effluent from the pump to the distribution laterals.
2. Design of the manifold is shown on attached diagrams.
3. After the supply manifold has been placed in its trench and lateral lines connected, it should be backfilled with tightly tamped soil. The supply manifold trench must not be backfilled with gravel, or the trench may become a conduit for downslope flow effluent from the laterals.

T & J Lateral Lines

1. Install T & J Panels per cited reference material and this plan.
2. Trenches shall be 24" wide, and 8' minimum on center. Trenches shall be "level"

from end to end.

3. There should be one 5/32 inch hole near the center of each panel, pointed up. (Note this system uses three valves; one on each lateral.)
4. A short turn-up with a capped end is at the end of each lateral. The capped end must be brought up above or flush with the final grade. Using two 45-degree elbows for constructing cleanouts is recommended. A larger diameter sleeve with cap or approved box with lid shall be placed over the turn-up.

PROPER OPERATION CHECK AND PRESSURE HEAD ADJUSTMENT

1. After all connections have been installed and connected, the system should be checked for proper operation. With electrical power turned off, fill the pump tank with a garden hose until the liquid rises to the level of the high-water alarm float.
2. Turn on the electrical power. The alarm light should go off when the liquid level falls below the high-water float. The pump should turn off when the liquid reaches the lowest float control. Be sure the pump is still completely submerged.
3. The pressure head is measured as the height liquid will rise above the turned-up elbow when the pump is running. To set or check the pressure head:

    - Glue a three-foot length of pipe (preferable clear) to a threaded adapter that will screw onto the turn-ups at the end of each lateral.
    - Replace each turn-up cap with the pipe and adapter.
    - Turn the power on to allow liquid to rise in the pipe.
    - Adjust the gate valves until the effluent reaches the desired height in the pipe. Remember to include the distance below the ground surface to the lateral line when measuring the height.

FINAL LANDSCAPING

1. After the system is installed, the following should be checked to ensure that the system will not be overloaded with excess rainwater and runoff:
    - The distribution field is shaped to shed rainwater and is free of low areas.
    - Grassy swales or ditches for diverting surface water are properly installed.
    - Gutter and downspout drains are directed away from the system.

2. Finally, the entire area should be planted with grass in order to prevent erosion. The soil should be properly tilled, limed (if necessary) and fertilized before planting. After applying an appropriate grass seed, the area should be heavily mulched with straw or other suitable material.

QUALITY ASSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

The system must be installed by a qualified, contractor that is on the Mecklenburg County list of competent contractors. Critical stages of the installation, which should be checked, are:

1. System layout
2. Septic and pump tank installation prior to backfilling.
3. Manifold and lateral installation prior to backfilling.
4. Final landscaping, operation and pressure head check.

The system design is based on a maximum waste flow of 480 gallons per day. Homeowners should pay particular attention to the section titled Homeowner Suggestions for ways to minimize the burden on the system.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE

The system is classified as **Type IV and DOES require a maintenance contract** with a certified operator. The contract shall be executed between the system owner and a management entity prior to the issuance of an Operation Permit. The contract shall include the specific requirements for maintenance and operation, responsibilities of the owner and system operator, and provisions that the contract shall be in effect for as long as the system in in use.

Operating, Maintenance and Inspection procedures shall include, but not be limited to the following:

- Minimum inspection/maintenance frequency shall be 2 times per year, with reporting frequency every 6 months to the local health department.
- Septic system shall be pumped every 4 years or when solids accumulate to 1/3 the volume of the tank.
- At 6 month intervals, inspect the effluent filter. When washing the filter, debris must be sprayed directly back into the septic tank and not onto the lawn.
- All laterals shall be checked and if necessary, flushed annually with clean water.
- Pressure head for laterals should be checked and adjusted one month after installation and semi-annually thereafter.
- All piping and fittings shall be checked annually for damage and/or proper operation and corrections made immediately.
- The property should be inspected to insure all surface water is diverted away from the fields and tank. Any ponding of surface water should be corrected.

- Grasses shall be mowed and maintained and any erosion shall be corrected promptly.
- The nitrification field area shall be checked for leakages, blowouts or malfunction, indications of damp or mushy areas compared to surrounding area or evidence of noticeable odor of sewage. Repairs shall be made immediately.
- The pump electrical should be checked to insure tight, clean connections with no corrosion and proper operation.
- Pump switches shall be checked for free operation and proper level set.
- Pump draw down depth and delivery rate shall be checked each year.
- Check septic tank and pump tank for evidence of damage or leakage. Check the quality of effluent including grease and sludge accumulation.

The system operator, in conjunction with the local Health Department shall establish an operation and maintenance program and procedure based on experience obtained from similar installations.

HOMEOWNER SUGGESTION

Most systems do not require much effort to operate and maintain. Even though the effort is small, the system must be maintained properly so that it operates reliably and at a minimum cost. Following are suggestions for the homeowner to minimize the burden on the septic system.

1. Garbage disposals should not be used in on-site systems. The ground garbage adds large amounts of solids to a septic tank, causing sludge to build up at a quicker rate than without. If disposal is installed, use should be limited.
2. Grease, cooking oils and coffee grounds should never be put into a septic tank.
3. Items such as disposable diapers, cigarettes, facial tissues and other solid or paper wastes should not be flushed into the on-site system.
4. Used motor oil and other such oily liquids should not be put into a septic tank.
5. Using less water can reduce the amount of water flowing to the treatment and disposal field.
6. Water-saving fixtures and devices can be installed on sinks, toilets and showers to reduce the rate at which the water flows from the fixture.
7. Dishwashers and washing machines should only be run with full loads.
8. Leaky faucets and toilets can add large volumes of water to the daily flow of water into the on-site system. Repair the leaks to save water and give the treatment and disposal field a rest.
9. Roof drains, basement sump pumps, foundation drains, and other such drains should not empty into or onto the surface above the on-site system. These drains should be directed to another part of the lot away from the treatment and disposal field.

DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS (Lot 28 Heath Lake Drive)

Daily design flow:	480 gpd.
Septic tank size:	1500 gal. (2 compartments)
Pumping tank size:	1000 gal.
Effluent loading rate:	0.267 gpd/ft^2
Total length and diameter of supply pipe:	approx. 90 ft. 2" SCH 40 PVC)
Number and length of laterals:	3@ 100 ft., center fed (1¼ SCH 40 PVC)
Hole size:	5/32"
Hole spacing:	1 per panel
Total number of holes:	66 (one in each T & J Panel near the center with the hole turned up) (22 panels per 100' line)
Flow rate through the system:	33 gpm
Elevation head:	Approx. 11'
Pressure head:	3.0'
Friction head:	2.2'
20% contingency	3.2'
Total head:	19.4'
Pump requirements:	33 gpm at 20' of head; use Goulds WE 05H pump or equivalent with compatible electrical
Dosing volume:	240 gal. – 2 doses/day at design flow*
Depth of water pumped per dose:	calculated to specific tank by measure or dealer engineering specifications (1 cubic ft. of water equals 7.48 gal.)
Pump run per dose:	approx. 7.2 min
Check valve:	No
Siphon break hole:	No

* Before placement of cap block, one panel on each line near the center of the field should be observed filling to make certain that it does not overflow top chamber into air chambers of panel. If overflow occurs, reduce floats by 25 gallons and reset until no overflow is observed.

List of Attachments

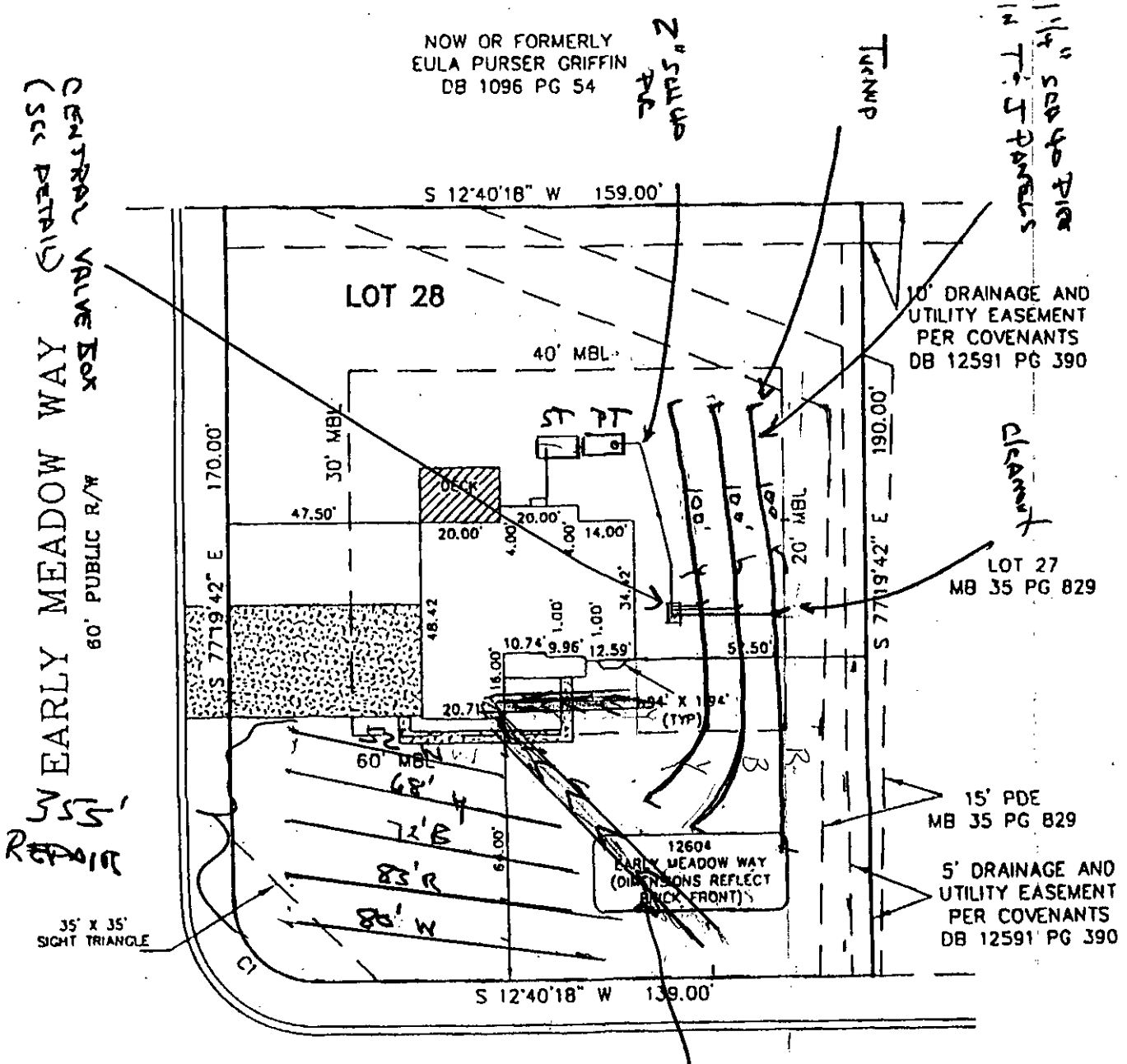
1. Site Plan
2. Pump Curve
3. Gate Valve Box Detail
4. Pump Tank Detail
5. Trench Detail
6. Bill Marlin's Soil Profile Descriptions

DELTA LAND SERVICES, INC.
6033 FLORENCE AVENUE, SUITE 100
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA 28212
(704) 536-6190

THIS SITE PLAN IS TO SHOW THE PROPOSED LOCATION OF THE HOUSE ON THE LOT AND IS NOT TO BE RELIED UPON FOR CONSTRUCTION.

MB 35 PG 829

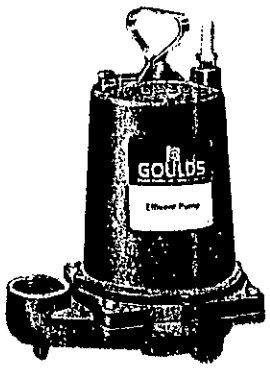
SCALE: 1" = 40'



HEATH LAKE DRIVE

Ditch to be filled and compacted with clean soil.

GOULDS PUMPS



Submersible Effluent Pump

MODEL

3885

PROSURANCE AVAILABLE FOR RESIDENTIAL APPLICATIONS.

APPLICATIONS

Specifically designed for the following uses:

- Homes
- Farms
- Trailer courts
- Motels
- Schools
- Hospitals
- Industry
- Effluent systems

SPECIFICATIONS

Pump

- Solids handling capabilities: ¾" maximum.
- Discharge size: 2" NPT.
- Capacities: up to 140 GPM.
- Total heads: up to 128 feet TDH.
- Temperature: 104°F (40°C) continuous 140°F (60°C) intermittent.
- See order numbers on reverse side for specific HP, voltage, phase and RPM's available.

FEATURES

■ **Impeller:** Cast iron, semi-open, non-clog with pump-out vanes for mechanical seal protection. Balanced for smooth operation. Silicon bronze impeller available as an option.

■ **Casing:** Cast iron volute type for maximum efficiency. 2" NPT discharge.

■ **Mechanical Seal: SILICON CARBIDE VS. SILICON CARBIDE** sealing faces. Stainless steel metal parts, BUNA-N elastomers.

■ **Shaft:** Corrosion-resistant, stainless steel. Threaded design. Locknut on three phase models to guard against component damage on accidental reverse rotation.

■ **Fasteners:** 300 series stainless steel.

■ Capable of running dry without damage to components.

■ Designed for continuous operation when fully submerged.

MOTORS

■ Fully submerged in high-grade turbine oil for lubrication and efficient heat transfer.

■ **Class B insulation.**

Single phase:

- Built-in overload with automatic reset.
- All single phase models feature capacitor start motors for maximum starting torque.
- ⅓ and ½ HP – 16/3 SJTOW with 115 V or 230 V three prong plug.
- ¾-2 HP – 14/3 STOW with bare leads.

Three phase:

- Overload protection must be provided in starter unit.
- ½-2 HP – 14/4 STOW with bare leads.

■ **Designed for Continuous Operation:** Pump ratings are within the motor manufacturer's recommended working limits, can be operated continuously without damage.

■ **Bearings:** Upper and lower heavy duty ball bearing construction.

■ **Power Cable:** Severe duty rated, oil and water resistant. Epoxy seal on motor end provides secondary moisture barrier in case of outer jacket damage and to prevent oil wicking. 20 foot standard with optional lengths available.

■ **O-ring:** Assures positive sealing against contaminants and oil leakage.

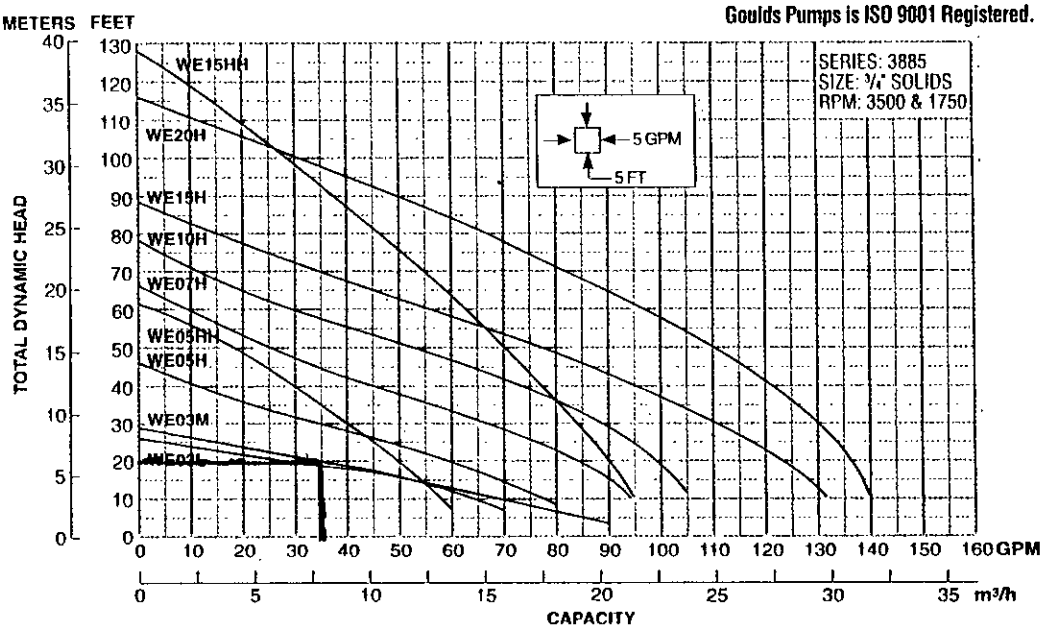
■ Consult factory for information on CSA listed models.

AGENCY LISTINGS

Canadian Standards Association File #LR38549

Underwriters Laboratories File #83318

Goulds Pumps is ISO 9001 Registered.

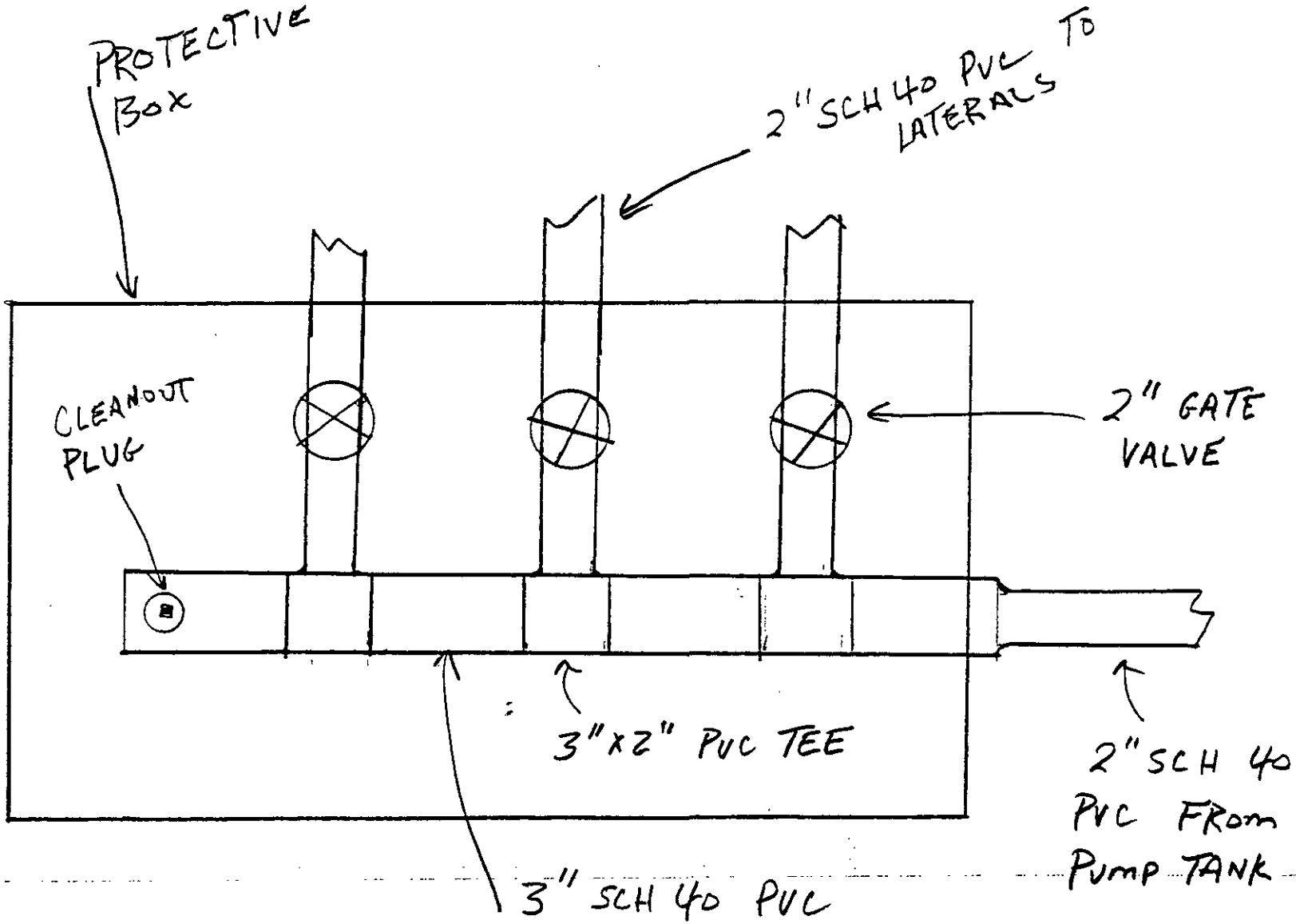


Goulds Pumps

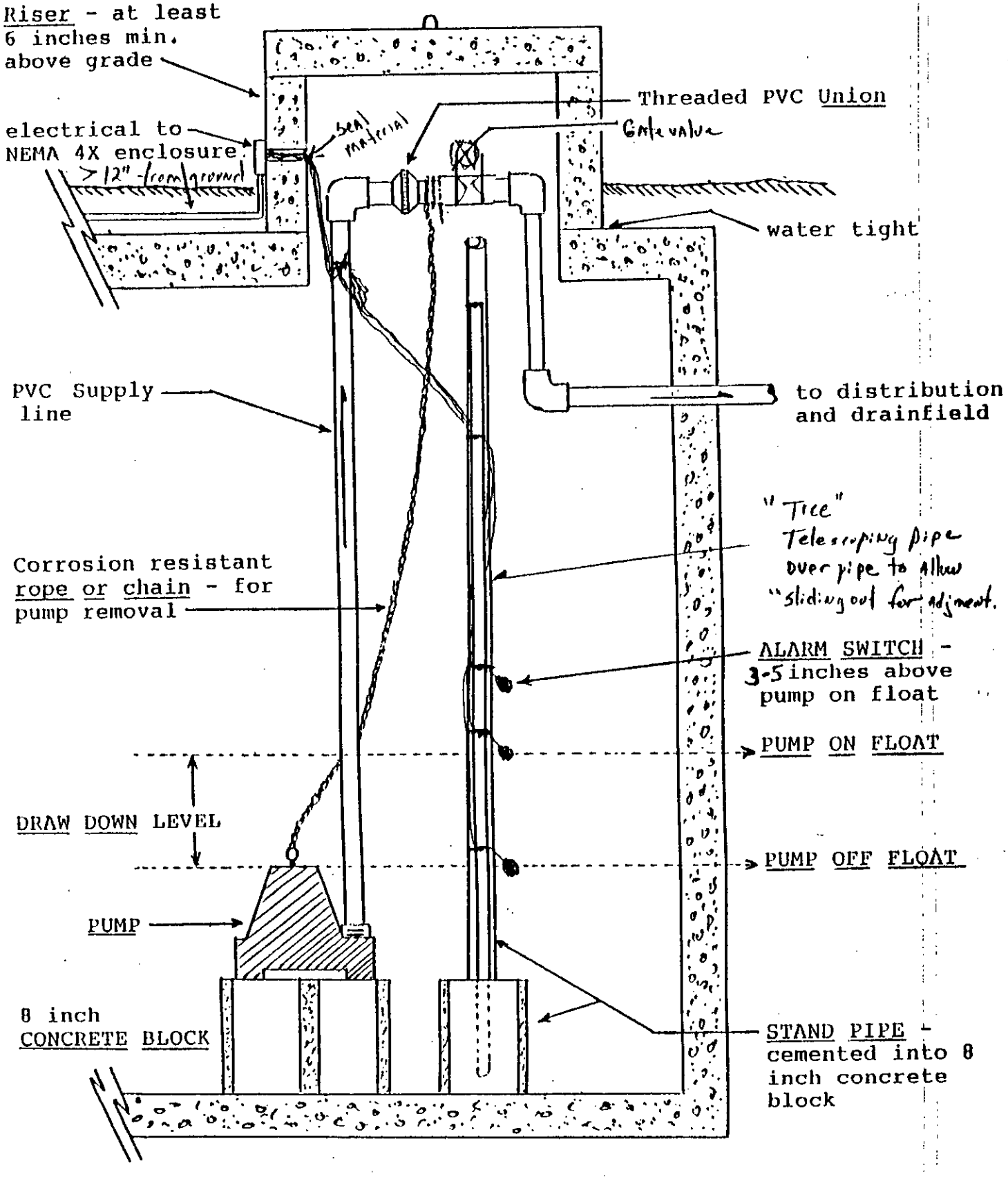
ITT Industries

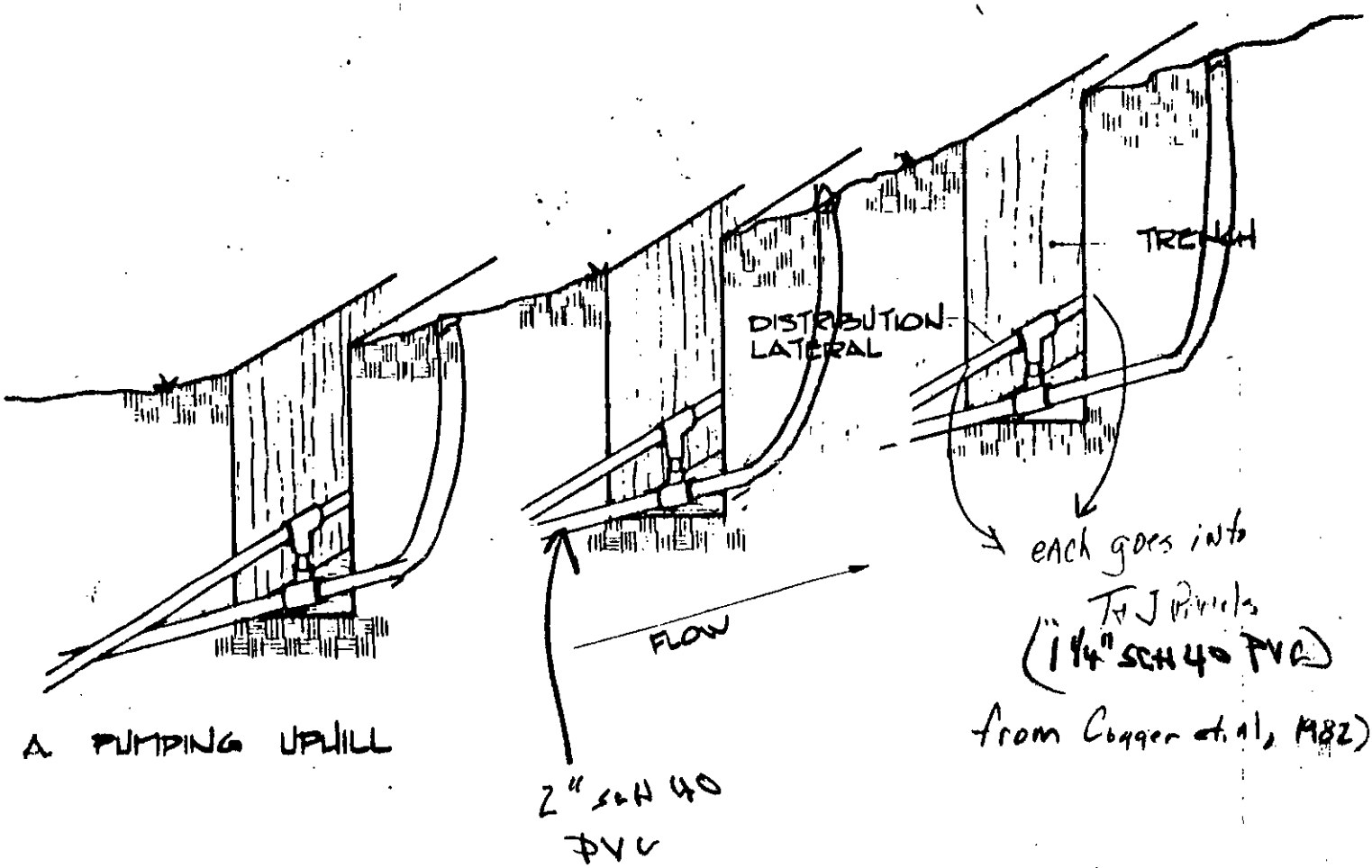
© 1999 Goulds Pumps
Effective January, 1999
B3885

CENTRAL VALVE BOX DETAIL



PUMP DIAGRAM





A PUMPING UPHILL

from Cogger et al, 1982)

Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources
Division of Environmental Health
On-site Wastewater Section

Sheet: 1
Property ID: 185-072-18
Lot #: 28
File #: 49668
Code: 2

SOIL/SITE EVALUATION for ON-SITE WASTEWATER SYSTEM

Owner: NVR, Inc. dba Ryan Homes
Address: 10815 David Taylor Drive, Charlotte, N. C. 28262
Proposed Facility: Residence
Design Flow (.1949): 600gpd
Location of Site: 12604 Early Meadow Way
Water Supply: [x] Public [ ] Individual
Evaluation Method: [x] Auger Boring
Type of Wastewater: [x] Sewage

Applicant:
Date Evaluated: 06/06/2002
Property Size: .69aa
Property Recorded:
[ ] Spring [ ] Other
[ ] Cut
[ ] Mixed
[ ] Well
[x] Pit
[ ] Industrial Process

1	L.S. 8	0-16	GR/CL	FR/SEXP/SS/SP	>50" To SOIL WETNESS	50	N/A	NONE	PS, IV .275GPD/FT²
		16-50	SBK/C	FI/SEXP/S/P					
2	"	0-10	GR/CL	FR/SEXP/SS/SP	"	"	"	"	"
		10-29	SBK/CL	FR/SEXP/SS/SP					
		29-60	SBK/C	FI/SEXP/S/P					
3	"	0-10	COMPACTED	FILL	>36" TO SOIL WETNESS	36	"	"	"
		10-15	GR/CL	FR/SEXP/SS/SP					
		15-36	SBK/C	FI/SEXP/S/P					
4	"	0-6	COMPACTED	FILL	>60" TO SOIL WETNESS	50	"	"	PS, IV .3GPD/FT²
		6-18	GR/CL	FR/SEXP/SS/SP					
		18-34	SBK/C	FI/SEXP/S/P					
		34-60	SBK/CL	FR/SEXP/SS/SP					

Description	Initial System	Repair System
Available Space (.1945)	US	US
System Type(s)		
Site LTAR	.275GPD/FT²	.275GPD/FT²

Other Factors (.1946): _____
Site Classification (.1948): UNSUITABLE
Evaluated By: W. R. Martin, LSS, 6/802 W. R. Martin
Others Present:

COMMENTS 100% Repair

LANDSCAPE POSITION	GROUP	TEXTURE	.1955 LTAR
R-RIDGE S-SHOULDER SLOPE L-LINEAR SLOPE FS-FOOT SLOPE N-NOSE SLOPE H-HEAD SLOPE CC-CONCLAVE SLOPE CV-CONVEX SLOPE T-TERRACE FP-FLOOD PLAIN	I	S-SAND LS-LOAMY SAND	1.2-0.8
	II	SL-SANDY LOAM L-LOAM	0.8-0.6
	III	SI-SILT SICL-SILTY CLAY LOAM CL-CLAY LOAM SCL-SANDY CLAY LOAM	0.6-0.3
	IV	SC-SANDY CLAY SIC-SILTY CLAY O-ORGANIC	0.4-0.1

CONSISTENCE MOIST	WET
VFR-VERY FRIABLE FR-FRIABLE FI-FIRM VFI-VERY FIRM EFI-EXTREMELY FIRM	NS-NON-STICKY SS-SLIGHTLY STICKY S-STICKY VS-VERY STICKY NP-NON-PLASTIC SP-SLIGHTLY STICKY P-PLASTIC VP-VERY PLASTIC

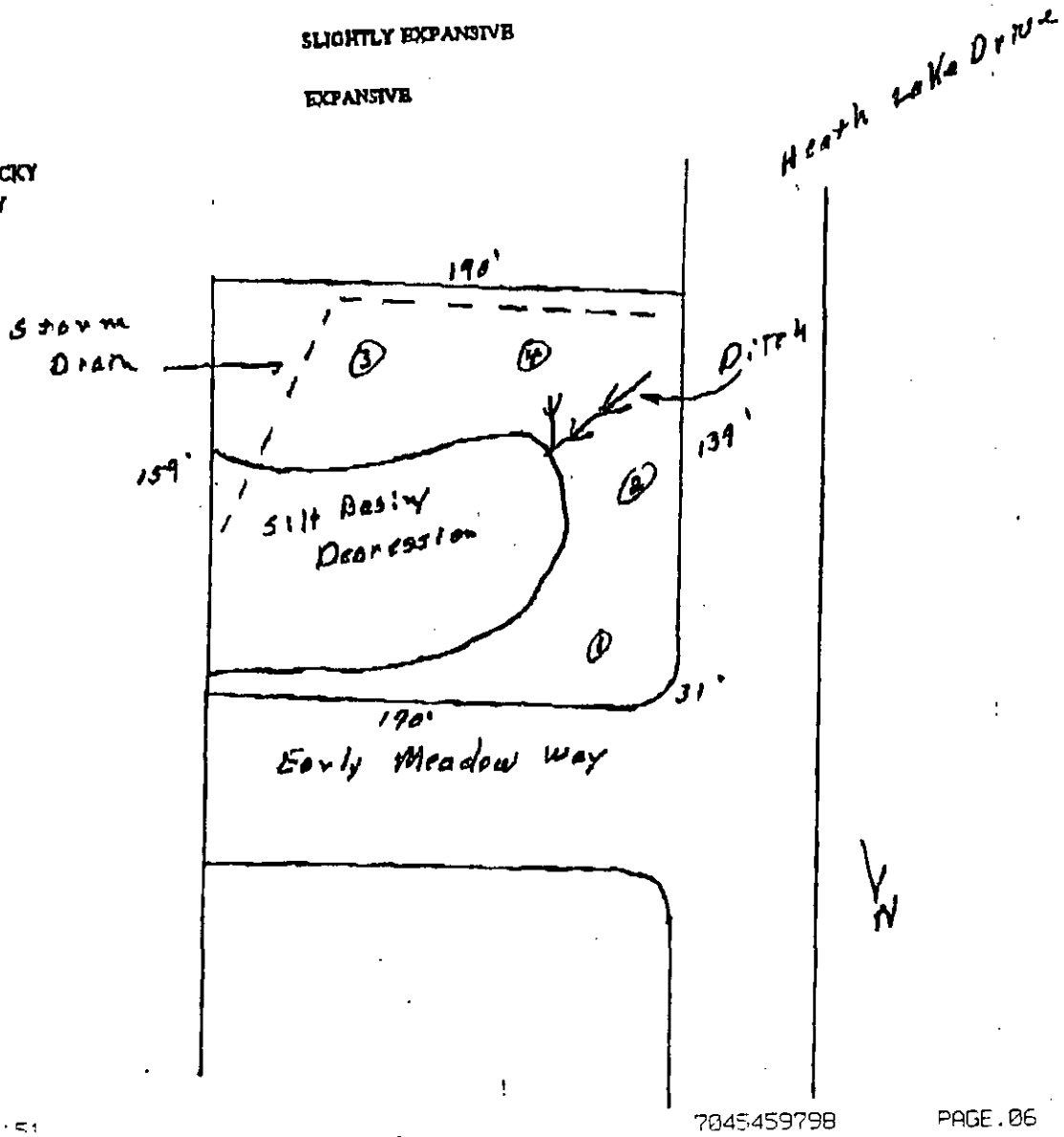
STRUCTURE

SG-SINGLE GRAIN
M-MASSIVE
CR-CRUMB
GR-GRANULAR
SBK-SUBANGULAR BLOCKY
ABK-ANGULAR BLOCKY
PL-PLATY
PR-PRISMATIC

MINERALOGY

SLIGHTLY EXPANSIVE

EXPANSIVE



When Your Problem in On-site Waste Is:



Topography and Vegetation



Special Landscaping Needs



Future Site Needs



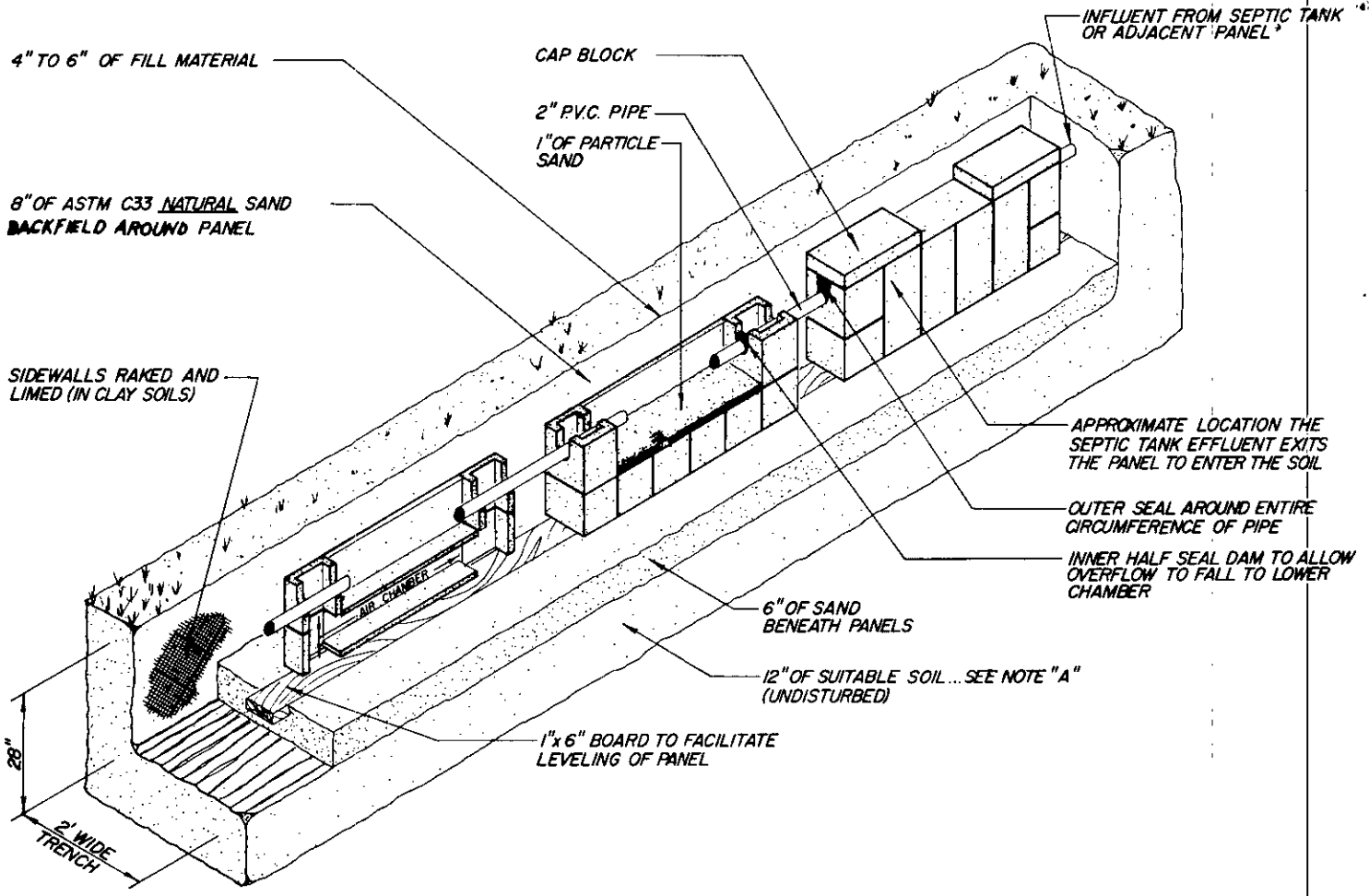
Limited Suitable Area

Then consider the

T&J Panel Wastewater Treatment System

A Better Quality Effluent Than With Conventional Systems

Isometric Drawing of A Segment of 16″ T&J Panel System Drainfield

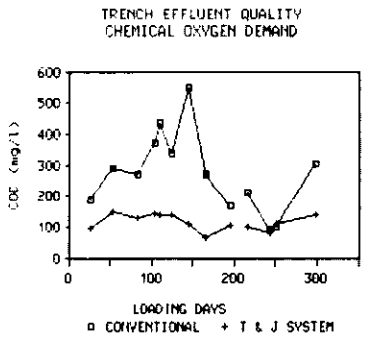


Advantages of the T&J Panel System

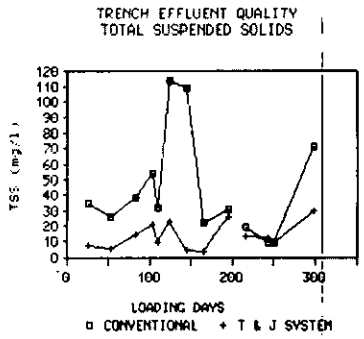
- Effluent discharged closer to the ground surface
- Each panel works as individual unit
- Panel may be grouped where best soils are found
- Less soil distributed during installation
- Less catch basin effect
- Lines only 24″ wide — more landscape flexibility
- Aerobic bacterial activity
- Easily installed — similar to conventional system
- Can be installed as modified mound system
- Lines can be inspected or serviced through lids
- Prefabricated panels delivered to job site

Environmentally Superior Effluent With The T&J Panel System

In a side by side test, both total suspended solids and chemical oxygen demand was reduced with the Panel System. The panels were loaded at 3.4 times that of the conventional system.



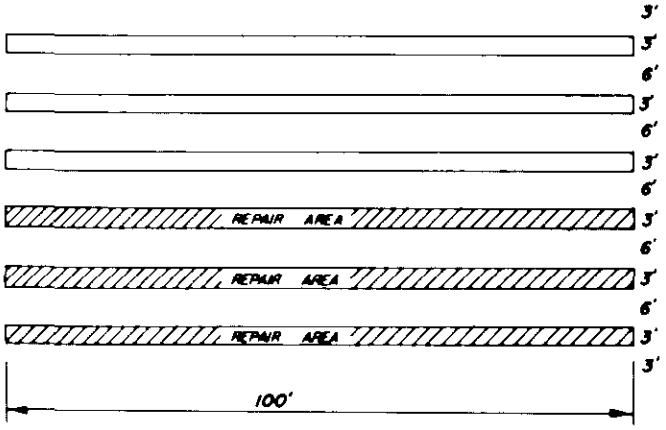
Total Suspended Solids Concentration for Effluent from Simulated Conventional and T&J System Trenches. (Note: Hydraulic Loading Rate for Conventional = 1.53 ca/day, for T&J = 5.27 ca/day.)



Chemical Oxygen Demand Concentration for Effluent from Simulated Conventional and T&J System Trenches. (Note: Hydraulic Loading Rate for Conventional = 1.53 ca/day, for T&J = 5.27 ca/day.)

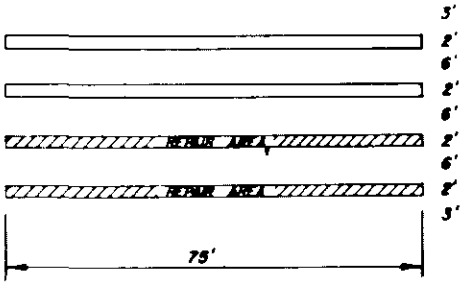
See the difference in a real space needed with the T&J Panel System Wastewater Treatment System when compared to a conventional tile/stone nitrification system.

Conventional System



A total suitable and usable area of 5400 square feet is needed for a conventional system.

T & J Panel System



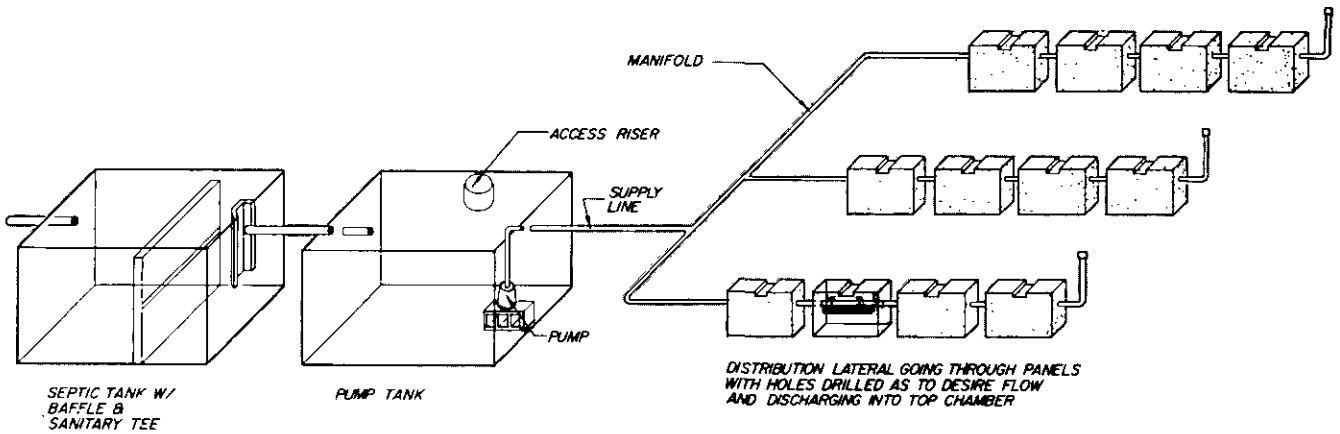
A total suitable and usable area of 2400 square feet is needed for the T & J Panel System**.

*Typical 3 bedroom house in a clay soil with 0.4 gallon per day per foot square application rate with a design flow on 120 gallons per day per bedroom.

**The T & J Panel Wastewater Treatment System is included in the North Carolina Sewage regulations as a PPBPS as of August 1, 1988. This allows for a 50% reduction in lineal footage of trench with the 16 inch panel as illustrated above. (See note "A")
Note A - This reflects North Carolina Codes. Please check local codes and practices for your area.

Low Pressure Panels (LP Panel) - Alternative installation for the T&J Panel System.

The LP offers a high quality effluent with a uniform distribution of wastewater throughout the entire system.



- Uniform distribution of the effuent.
- Elimination of localized overloading.
- Works with 2-4 feet of pressure head.
- Dosing and resting cycles.
- Placing of the effluent into the sidewall near the surface—where the more porous soils are found.
- The aerobic action of the T&J Panel's design.
- The filtration of the effluent through the T&J Panel System and its sand backfill.

THE T.&J. PANEL
WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM

PATENT NUMBER 4013559

P.O. Box 288 • Statesville, North Carolina 28677
N.C. WATS 1-800-222-2577 • (704) 872-9566

There are many new developments in ground absorption sewage disposal system on the market today. The T&J Panel System is designed to make the most out of the least amount of space possible. This is made possible by the fuller use of the more porous top soil and the limited effect of evapotransporation and the wicking action of the block as the effluent is kept close to the surface of the ground and fused through the pores of the block to the sidewall area of the drainfield lines. This more general distribution and wicking allows for the use of the entire sidewall area and helps prevent the sealing off of the bottom and lower sidewalls that often occurs in a conventional system.

A 16 inch high panel is 46 inches long, 8 inches wide, and weighs about 155 pounds. There is a 6 inch by 6 inch air chamber at each end of the panel which extends from top to bottom to ensure aerobic action in each level of the field lines. Each panel has a storage chamber just below the top chamber for storage during peak use periods. A 24 inch panel is also available for use in repair or specially engineered systems.

* *

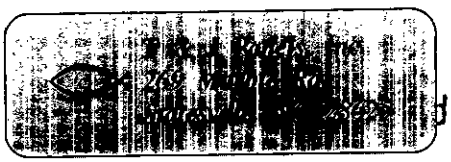
Limited Warranty

The structural integrity of each T&J Panel, when installed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, is warranted against defective materials and workmanship for one year from date of manufacture. Should a defect appear within the warranty period, purchaser must inform T&J Panel System of the defect before the warranty expires. T&J Panel System will supply a replacement unit. T&J Panel System's liability specifically excludes the cost of removal and/or installation of the panels. There are no other warranties with respect to the units, including no warranties of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose. The warranty does not extend to incidental, consequential, special or indirect damages. The company shall not be liable for penalties or liquidated damages, including loss of production and profits, labor and materials, overhead costs, or other loss or expense incurred by buyer. Specifically excluded from warranty coverage are: Damage to the panels due to ordinary wear and tear; alteration, accident, misuse, abuse or neglect of the panels; the panels being subjected to stresses greater than those prescribed in the installation instructions; the placement by buyer of improper materials into buyer's system; or any other event not caused by the company. Furthermore, in no event shall the company be responsible for any loss or damage to the buyer, the panels or any third party resulting from its installation or shipment. Buyer shall be solely responsible for ensuring that installation of the system is completed in accordance with all applicable laws, codes, rules and regulations. Any alteration of this warranty must be noted as "Warranty" in writing by the company.

THE T&J PANEL
WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM
PATENT NUMBER 4013559

[redacted]

Distributed by



704-924-3600

Serving people with a better quality system

Design, Installation and Maintenance

of the

T & J Panel Wastewater Treatment System

For

Environmental Health Specialist

And

Septic Tank Installers

Although this manual is sectioned for specific user groups, we at T & J Panel suggest that you familiarize yourself with the complete manual. Sixth Edition.

System Design

In the early days of the T & J Panel system when it was still Considered an experimental system the primary reason for permitting the Panel System was because of insufficient space for a conventional system. Now with inclusion in the Sewage Regulations [10NCAC 10A .1956 (3) (a) (ii)] , the Panel System should be considered when a quality effluent may be needed, space is limited, usable soil is limited, or there are indications that at some future time space may be needed for other development. When there is a trend for added development such as additions to homes, pools, or other special landscaping development the T & J Panel System may prevent insufficient space later. As the environmental health specialist who is designing a system, and you can foresee such a trend of continued development, the Panel System may be an option the home owner would like to utilize.

As noted in the regulations a PPBPS is only permitted where soils are suitable, provisionability suitable, or reclassified provisionability suitable, however only one half of the area needed for a conventional system is required. This is one reason that the Panel System can help you use the best soils available on the lot. The system can be gravity fed, pumped to pressure manifold and gravity fed into the lines, or pumped to Low Pressure Panel lines. Most of the concepts for a Panel System layout are the same as for a conventional system. The biggest difference being the areal area needed and the quality of effluent being introduced into the ground.

The T & J Panel system can be installed as either gravity, pump to gravity, pump to pressure manifold, or low pressure pipe distribution system. When designing a pressure system the principles of low pressure distribution are as described in the LPP manual. There is futher discussion on pressure systems in the installer section of this manual.

Conversion

A three bedroom house with a 0.4 gpd application rate. (The first three steps are the same as for the conventional system.)

1) 120 gallons per bedroom x 3 bedrooms = 360 gallons per day design flow rate.

2) 360 gallons flow rate / 0.4 application rate = 900 sq. ft. of conventional trench bottom.

3) 900 sq. ft. / 3 ft. wide trench = 300 lineal feet of conventional system.

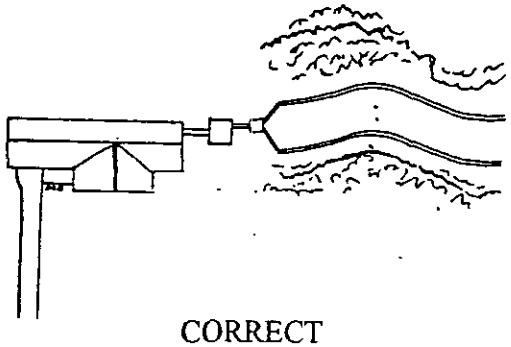
This conventional layout requires 2700 sq. ft. of area on the lot with another equal area of repair space for a total of 5400 sq. ft. of suitable usable area. To calculate the size of the T & J Panel system , the above calculations must be made with an additional fourth step as described in 10NCAC 10A .1956 (3) (a) (ii) (B) for a PPBPS, (the T & J panel system).

4) 300 lineal feet of conventional system x 0.5 for a 16 inch high Pane System = 150 lineal feet of T & J Panel System.

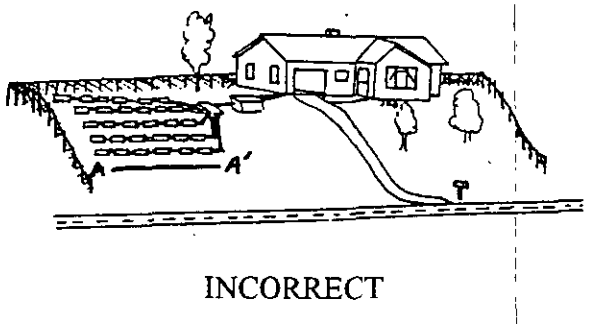
A Panel System requires only a 1200 sq. ft. area on the lot for the system with an equal area for repair, for a total of 2400 sq. ft. . With the panel system the installation and repair can go into the same area as the initial area required for a conventional gravel trench system.

Window Effect

To prevent hydraulic overload in the soil areal space should always be a consideration for any system, however, it is especially notable with the Panel System as with any system that reduces the size of the areal area drainfield. The following is a simplistic example of this concept.



CORRECT

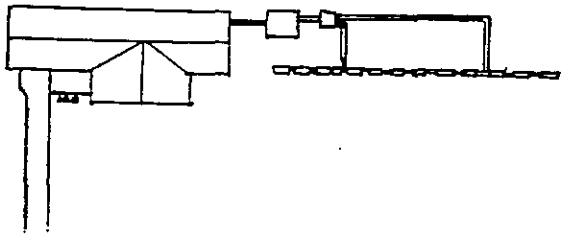


INCORRECT

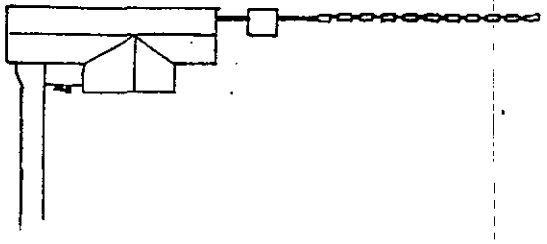
While both systems have the same lineal footage of trench the incorrect diagram is not a desirable design. The effluent must pass through the area A-A' which can cause a strain on that area and even a failure because of hydraulic overloading.

Distribution

Another extreme would be the use of a long single trench fed from only one end. In the first example, below the areal space is good and the chance of hydraulic over loading is greatly reduced. However, downline distribution in the panel line will not give optimum treatment.



CORRECT



INCORRECT

In the lower example we see that the trench has been fed from multiple points. Because the Panel lines are put in as level as possible, never exceeding 1/4 inch of rainfall in 10 feet of run, they feed both ways equally. T & J recommends that no gravity line exceed 50 feet, unless it is fed from multiple points. In both of these examples, we are specifying the Panel System, but the logic applies to the conventional system as well.

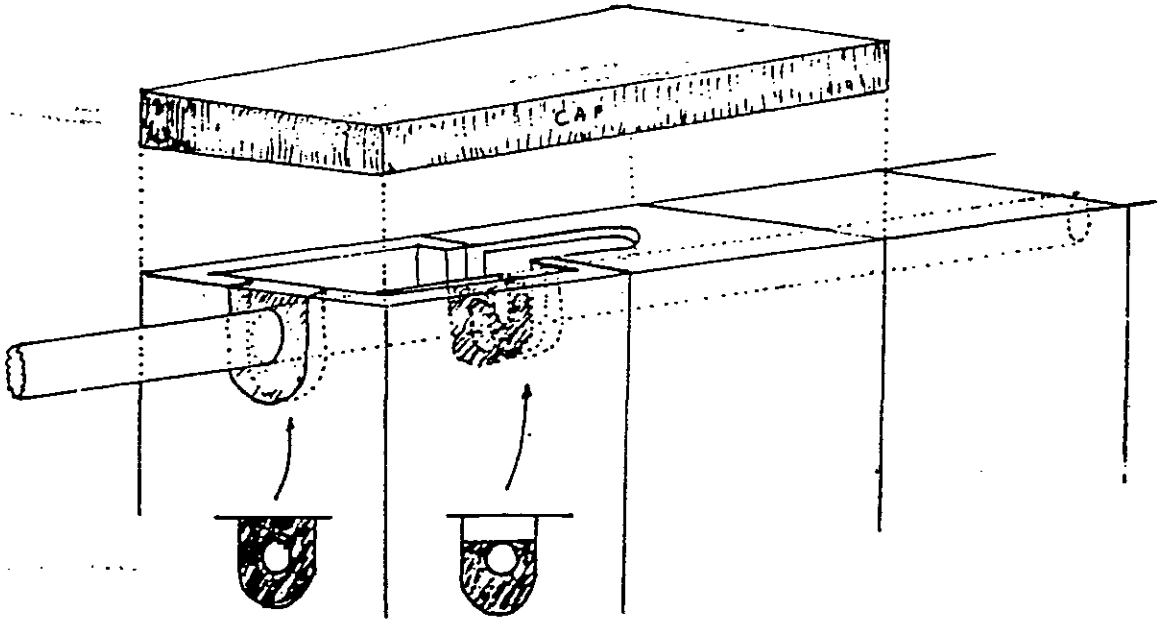
To calculate the number of 16 inch high panels needed for a 150 foot line, multiply 150' x 12" = 1800" then divide by 52" which is 46 inches for the panel and 6 inches for the space between the panels in the trench. 1800" /52" = 34.6 panels, so you would call for 34 panels. (A material order chart is included in the installer section of this manual.) If there is to be more than one trench, the sizing of the lines should be as equal as possible with as close to the same number of panels in each trench as is practical. Environmental Health Specialists should show the panel as small blocks on the line of the trench.

Backfill

Backfill sand shall be a clean, washed, medium sand that is naturally occurring and falls within the gradation of ASTM C-33 specification. This specification is one that is used in the ready mix industry and is readily available in all areas. The second type of sand that you will need is a clean particle sand to coat the bottom of each panel's top chamber with a bed of sand one inch thick. This sand is a medium grade of sand blasting sand. Each one hundred pound bag should cover eight panels. Backfill sand calculations should be taken from the material sheet.

Tar Seals

The two drawings below illustrate the inner and outer seal. Note that while the outer seal is a complete seal, the inner seal is only up to the top of the connecting pipe. This is to allow for over flow of the effluent at peak use periods into the lower air chambers. At this point the air chamber become additional storage chambers for the effluent. These seals can be inspected by lifting the caps at the ends of the panels while inspecting the system installation



INNER and OUTER SEALS

Trench Preparation

Trench grade should be established so that backfill cover will be four to six inches over the tops of the panels. (Note on several slopes system depth should be adjusted to protect against brakeout of effluent) In clay type soils the trench side walls should be raked to bring slicked over areas back as near to original structure as possible. A light dusting of lime on the side walls will help the system to continue the brake down of solids.

Final Inspection

The following list of points are things that an inspector should look for when issuing a completion permit.

1) Is depth of the panels within guidelines?

2) Are drain lines level or less than 1/4 inch fall in ten feet?

3) Have seals been properly constructed?

4) Was the proper sand used in the trench backfill?

5) If in clay type soils were the side walls raked and limed?

(For Pumped Systems)

6) Have pump size, head pressure, and dose cycle been properly sized and set?

7) Record field data on operations permit.

(Set dose cycle for 3.6 gallons per 16 inch high panel.)

Installer

The Panel Block System

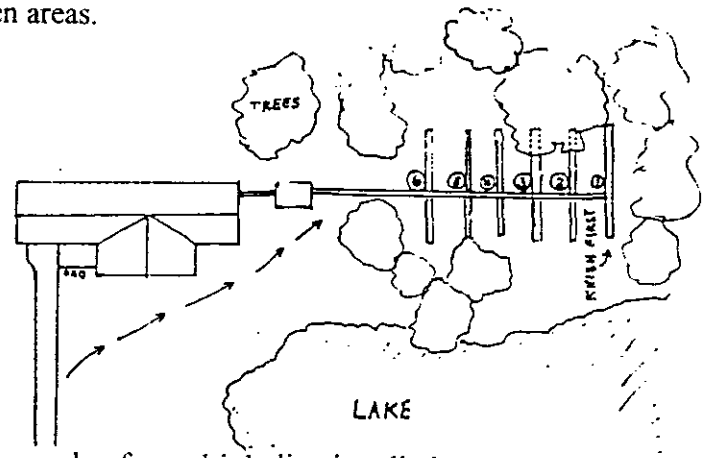
Generally, on level open land, a Panel System can be installed in about the same time as a conventional system; however traditionally, Panel Systems have been installed where space and topography have restricted use of a conventional system. For this reason Panel System installations have required more time. Many installers enjoy the change of working with panels, not handling gravel, and the satisfaction of knowing a system being installed where previously a conventional system was not possible.

Ordering Materials

Inclosed on following two pages you will find an order sheet for the T & J Panel System and a materials chart for 16 inch high Panel System. The distributor in your area will lead you through these sheets when ordering or pricing the system. For information on the distributor located closest to you call 1-800-222-2577 (inside N.C.) or 704-872-9566. After ordering, your panels will be shipped to the job site banded together on pallets.

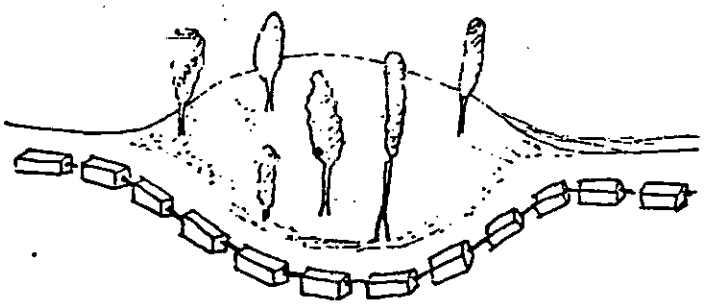
Installation Tips

Installation for multiple line systems should begin in the most confiding area and be worked to the more open areas.

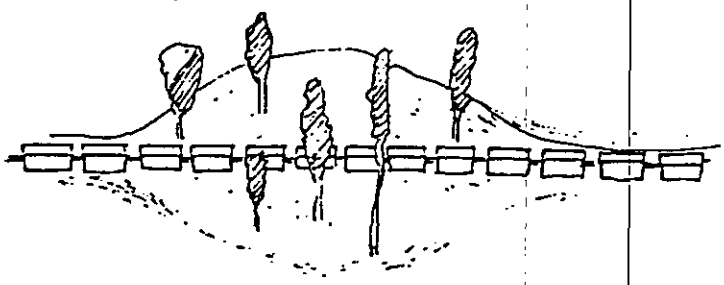


Above is an example of a multiple line installation. As you can see the installation should begin with the line marked 1 and proceed to 2, 3, then 4. This procedure will greatly ease material handling and backfilling. (Note sections of the drainlines should be left uncovered to allow for inspection of lines when area is confined and return access to lines is limited.)

On the following page are two examples of drain lines on sloping lots. The first drawing shows the drainline going through a slope making the center of the line deeper in the ground. This is not a desirable situation. The second drawing shows the drainline going around the slope keeping around the slope keeping the trench depth and cover uniform for the entire length o the line. On slopes, care should be given to avoid cutting away valuable top soil in an effort to make straight lines. The Panel line should be installed on grade with the contour of the natural slope. Panel lines can be curved to almost any degree.



CORRECT



INCORRECT

Digging The Trench

Start by shooting the grade and marking the contour. Then for a 16 inch panel add 28 inches to the shallowest or lowest grade that the trench must cross to obtain the trench bottom grade. Now dig the trench at the elevation derived, checking the grade frequently. The trench should be a minimum of two feet wide. With the trench open all side walls shall be raked to bring smeared areas back to their original structure before a light dusting of lime is applied. Now place a 6 inch layer of backfill sand in the trench and level to grade, then place a 1 x 4 or 6 inch board flat on its side on top of the 6 inch layer of sand. Once more check the grade of the trench by shooting the top of the board. Once the grade boards have been set, the panels may be set into the ditch by hand or using the backhoe. Each panel weighs about 155 pounds and placement by hand goes quickly. The panels should be place about 6 inches apart in the trench to obtain equal spacing. Now place 10 to 12 pounds of clean particle sand (medium sand blasting sand) in the top chamber of each panel to form a bed of sand about one inch thick. Tar seal rope should be placed in the U outs to form seals as shown in earlier drawings. Once the tar rope is in place, a 24 inch section of two inch PR160 pipe is cut to span from the upper middle top chamber of the first panel to the upper middle chamber of the next panel. The tar seal rope that is used should be of tar or butyl that is soft and pliable to obtain a water tight seal. Now that the connection and sealing is complete a block cap is placed on each end of the panel covering all openings. (These will be delivered with the panels.) The cap block may well serve as an inspection port at some future date. The trench is ready to be backfilled to the top so the panel with the same backfill sand used in the trench bottom. With the sand to the top of the panel, trenches should be left for the sanitarian to inspect. Soil cover should be added after the final inspection.

Most Panel Systems are currently used due to space considerations and caution should be taken to preserve suitable soil structure and site conditions.

Materials Chart For 16 Inch Panels

Materials needed per panel:

- Three feet of half inch tar seal rope per panel

- Two feet of two inch PR160 pipe per panel or same linear feet as line layout of pressure system of one and a quarter inch pipe. Add pipe for tie in of lines to tank and house.

- One hundred pounds of particle sand (sand blasting sand fine texture) per eight panels.

- Same linear feet of one by six boards as line length.

- Bag powder lime when in clay soils.

Panel and C-33 Sand fill

50 LF - 11 panels
8 1/4 tons sand

60 LF - 14 panels
10 tons sand

70 LF - 16 panels
11 1/2 tons sand

80 LF - 18 panels
13 1/4 tons sand

90 LF - 21 panels
15 tons sand

100 LF - 23 panels
16 1/2 tons sand

110 LF - 25 panels
18 1/4 tons sand

120 LF - 27 panels
20 tons sand

130 LF - 30 panels
21 1/2 tons sand

140 LF - 32 panels
23 tons sand

150 LF - 34 panels
25 tons sand

160 LF - 37 panels
26 1/2 tons sand

170 LF - 39 panels
28 tons sand

180 LF - 41 panels
30 tons sand

190 LF - 43 panels
31 1/2 tons sand

200 LF - 46 panels
33 tons sand

T & J Panel Material Worksheet

Homeowner _____ County _____

Address _____

_____

Description of System _____

_____

_____

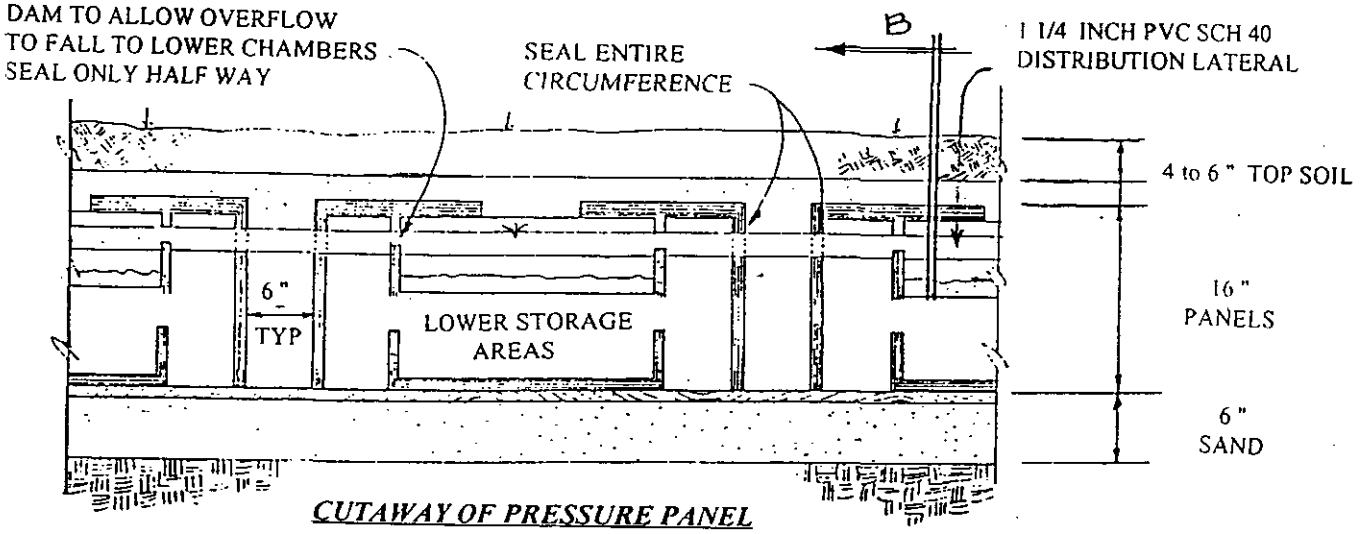
_____	T & J Panels _____ Inch (caps N/C)	_____
_____	2" Pipe	_____
_____	1 1/4" Pipe	_____
_____	Fittings for Pipe	_____
_____	Tar Seal Rope (3' per Panel)	_____
_____	Bag Partial Sand (100 lbs per 8 panels)	_____
_____	Pallets - No Return	_____
_____	Screened Creek Sand (FM 2.3 to 3.0)	_____
_____	1x4 or 1x6 Boards	_____
_____	Power Lime	_____
_____	Sep. Tank _____ Gallon	_____
_____	Tar Seal for Tank	_____
_____	4" PVC Pipe Schedule 40	_____
_____	Distribution Box	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
	Sub-total	_____
	Delivery Charge	_____
	tax	_____
	Total	_____

Panels With Pressure Distribution

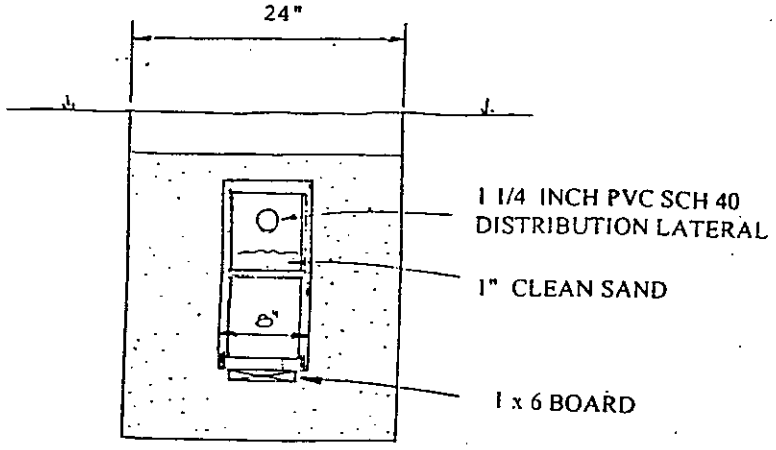
The LP Panel uses Technology similar to that of Low Pressure Pipe (LPP) System. The tables and distribution design described in the LPP manual is applicable to the pressure Panel System. The system should be used with two to four feet of head. In many respects a LP Panel is similar to a LPP with the holes discharging into the panels.

The dosing cycle for the Panel System is designed to pump enough effluent to fill the top chambers of all the panels in the system. The top chamber of a 16 inch panel hold 3.6 gallons. When the system has 34 panels and all holes are the same size, then you would multiply 34 x 3.6 to get 122 gallon per dose cycle. The holes are drilled in the distribution pipe at the 10 and the 2 o'clock position. These are then placed so that the effluent is pumped into the top chamber of the panel. If the hole sizing changes in the system the pump cycle is set by the hole that is discharging the fastest.

All valves and turnups should be neatly capped, covered and labeled for future service. Pump tanks should be constructed as shown in the drawing as to allow for service and repairs.



CUTAWAY OF PRESSURE PANEL



Pressure Panels Continued

Below you will find a pressure head table to help in flow design of your LP Panel. These numbers are a guide to help in selecting the right flow in your system. We have found that in most systems the 5/32" and 3/16" hole at 2 to 4 feet of head work the best in giving a pump cycle of more than five minutes and keep the same maximum top chamber flow load as sited on the prior page.

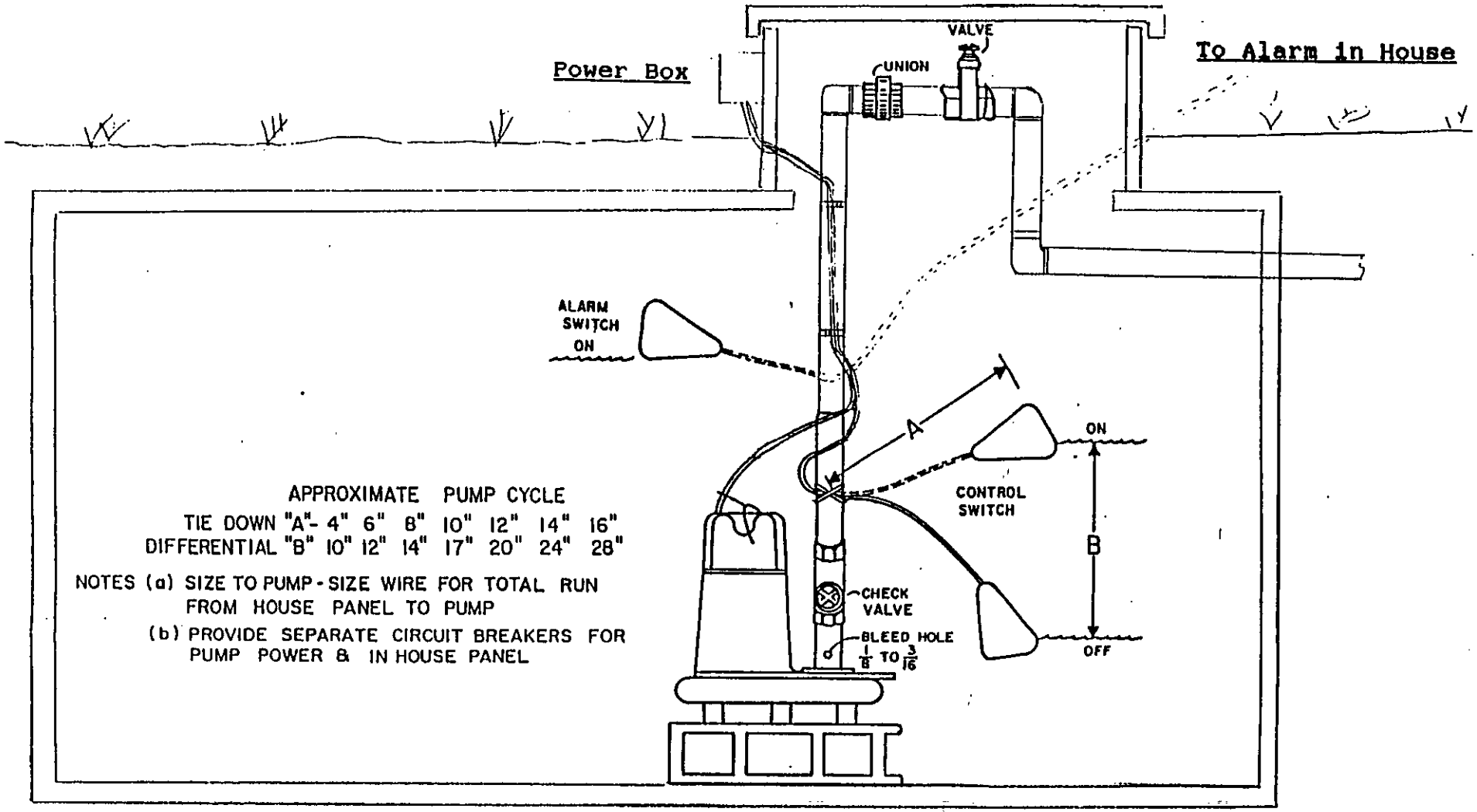
Flow Chart of Various Orifices and Pressure Heads

Orifice Size	3/32" 0.094	1/8" 0.125	5/32" 0.156	3/16" 0.188	7/32" 0.219	1/4" 0.250	9/32" 0.281	5/16" 0.313	11/32" 0.344	3/8" 0.375
Press. Head										
2.0	0.15	0.26	0.41	0.59	0.80	1.04	1.32	1.63	1.97	2.34
2.1	0.15	0.27	0.42	0.60	0.82	1.07	1.35	1.67	2.02	2.40
2.2	0.15	0.27	0.43	0.61	0.84	1.09	1.38	1.71	2.07	2.46
2.3	0.16	0.28	0.44	0.63	0.86	1.12	1.41	1.75	2.11	2.51
2.4	0.16	0.29	0.45	0.64	0.87	1.14	1.44	1.78	2.16	2.57
2.5	0.16	0.29	0.46	0.66	0.89	1.17	1.47	1.82	2.20	2.62
2.6	0.17	0.30	0.46	0.67	0.91	1.19	1.50	1.86	2.25	2.67
2.7	0.17	0.30	0.47	0.68	0.93	1.21	1.53	1.89	2.29	2.72
2.8	0.17	0.31	0.48	0.69	0.94	1.23	1.56	1.93	2.33	2.77
2.9	0.18	0.31	0.49	0.71	0.96	1.25	1.59	1.96	2.37	2.82
3.0	0.18	0.32	0.50	0.72	0.98	1.28	1.62	1.99	2.41	2.87
3.1	0.18	0.32	0.51	0.73	0.99	1.30	1.64	2.03	2.45	2.92
3.2	0.19	0.33	0.51	0.74	1.01	1.32	1.67	2.06	2.49	2.97
3.3	0.19	0.33	0.52	0.75	1.02	1.34	1.69	2.09	2.53	3.01
3.4	0.19	0.34	0.53	0.76	1.04	1.36	1.72	2.12	2.57	3.06
3.5	0.19	0.34	0.54	0.78	1.06	1.38	1.74	2.15	2.61	3.10
3.6	0.20	0.35	0.55	0.79	1.07	1.40	1.77	2.18	2.64	3.15
3.7	0.20	0.35	0.55	0.80	1.09	1.42	1.79	2.21	2.68	3.19
3.8	0.20	0.36	0.56	0.81	1.10	1.44	1.82	2.24	2.72	3.23
3.9	0.20	0.36	0.57	0.82	1.11	1.46	1.84	2.27	2.75	3.27
4.0	0.21	0.37	0.58	0.83	1.13	1.47	1.87	2.30	2.79	3.32
4.1	0.21	0.37	0.58	0.84	1.14	1.49	1.89	2.33	2.82	3.36
4.2	0.21	0.38	0.59	0.85	1.16	1.51	1.91	2.36	2.86	3.40
4.3	0.21	0.38	0.60	0.86	1.17	1.53	1.93	2.39	2.89	3.44
4.4	0.22	0.39	0.60	0.87	1.18	1.55	1.96	2.42	2.92	3.48
4.5	0.22	0.39	0.61	0.88	1.20	1.56	1.98	2.44	2.96	3.52
4.6	0.22	0.40	0.62	0.89	1.21	1.58	2.00	2.47	2.99	3.56
4.7	0.22	0.40	0.62	0.90	1.22	1.60	2.02	2.50	3.02	3.59
4.8	0.23	0.40	0.63	0.91	1.24	1.61	2.04	2.52	3.05	3.63
4.9	0.23	0.41	0.64	0.92	1.25	1.63	2.06	2.55	3.08	3.67
5.0	0.23	0.41	0.64	0.93	1.26	1.65	2.09	2.57	3.12	3.71

Pump Sizing

Below is a chart to aid in head selection due to friction loss in PVC pipe. In calculating friction be sure to add 20% for loss in fittings. In the chart below friction loss is per 100 feet of pipe. The head created by friction loss is added to the elevation head of lift form bottem of the pump tank to the top of the highest turnup.

Flow	Pipe diameter (in.)					
	1	1¼	1½	2	3	4
gpm	*Friction loss (ft)*					
1	0.07					
2	0.28	0.07				
3	0.60	0.16	0.07			
4	1.01	0.25	0.12			
5	1.52	0.39	0.18			
6	2.14	0.55	0.25	0.07		
7	2.89	0.76	0.36	0.10		
8	3.63	0.97	0.46	0.14		
9	4.57	1.21	0.58	0.17		
10	5.50	1.46	0.70	0.21		
11		1.77	0.84	0.25		
12		2.09	1.01	0.30		
13		2.42	1.17	0.35		
14		2.74	1.33	0.39		
15		3.06	1.45	0.44	0.07	
16		3.49	1.65	0.50	0.08	
17		3.93	1.86	0.56	0.09	
18		4.37	2.07	0.62	0.10	
19		4.81	2.28	0.68	0.11	
20		5.23	2.46	0.74	0.12	
25			3.75	1.10	0.16	
30			5.22	1.54	0.23	
35				2.05	0.30	0.07
40				2.62	0.39	0.09
45				3.27	0.48	0.12
50				3.98	0.58	0.16
60					0.81	0.21
70					1.08	0.28
80					1.38	0.37
90					1.73	0.46
100					2.09	0.55



APPROXIMATE PUMP CYCLE

TIE DOWN "A" - 4" 6" 8" 10" 12" 14" 16"
DIFFERENTIAL "B" 10" 12" 14" 17" 20" 24" 28"

NOTES (a) SIZE TO PUMP - SIZE WIRE FOR TOTAL RUN FROM HOUSE PANEL TO PUMP

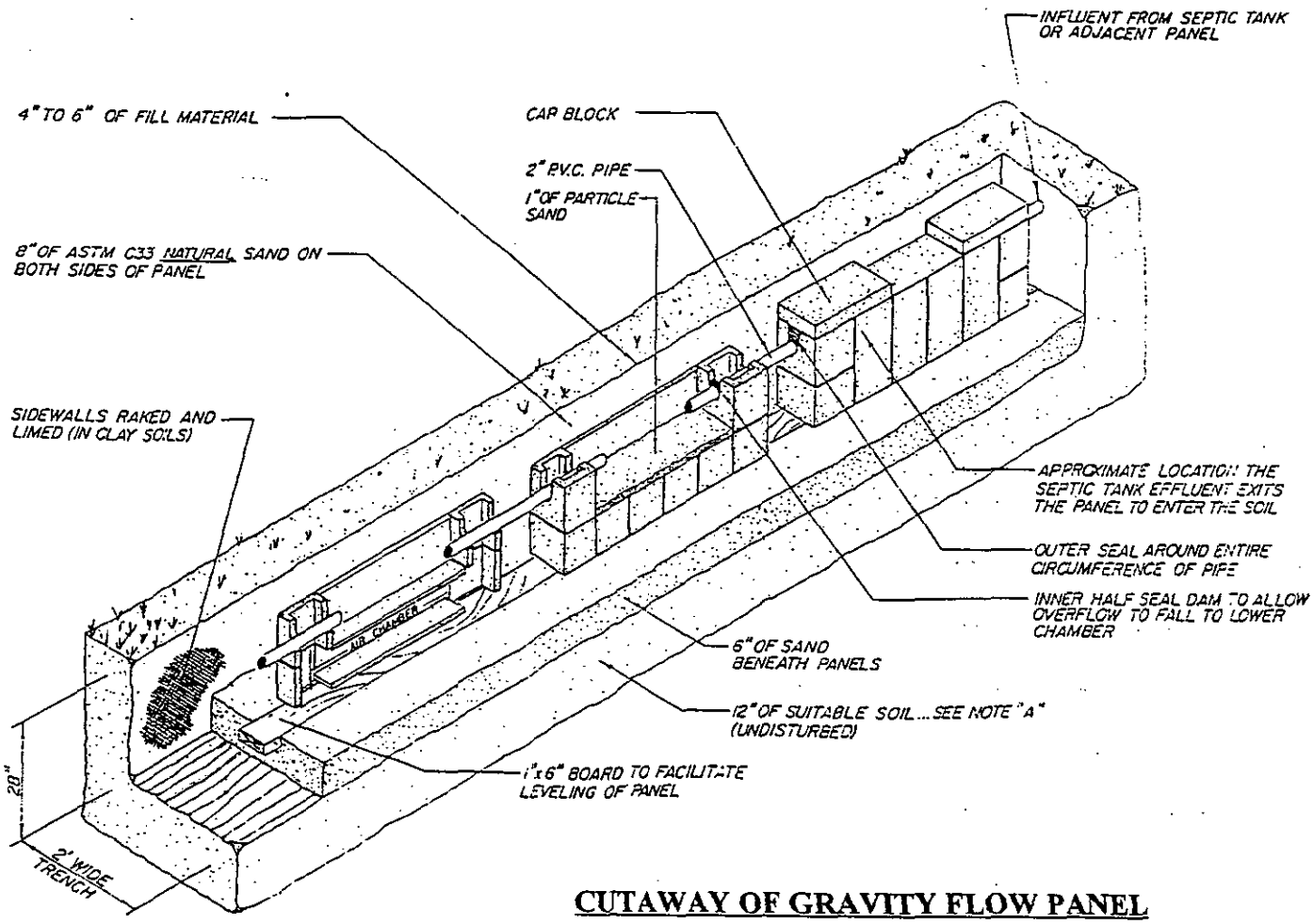
(b) PROVIDE SEPARATE CIRCUIT BREAKERS FOR PUMP POWER & IN HOUSE PANEL

The T & J Panel
Wastewater Treatment System

Patent # 4013559

269 Marble Road
Statesville, N.C. 28625
704-924-8600

ISOMETRIC DRAWING OF A SEGMENT OF 16" T & J PANEL SYSTEM DRAINFIELD



CUTAWAY OF GRAVITY FLOW PANEL

MECKLENBURG COUNTY
LAND USE AND ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES
Payment Receipt

Receipt Information

Date:	09/09/02	**Amount:**	300.00
Receipt #:	10339	**Tendered:**	0.00
Check / Auth #:	CHARGE	**Returned:**	0.00
Received By:	FOSTERV		

Account Information

Account #: X33575
Contractor: NVR INC (EAST)
Attn:
Address: 10815 DAVID TAYLOR DR 100
Address:
City/State/Zip: CHARLOTTE, NC 28262

Item	Description	Permit#	Quantity	Unit Price	Total Price
0734	Auth for Waste Wtr Sys Constr 12604 Early Meadow way		1	150.00	150.00
0703	Installation/Final Approval		1	150.00	150.00

Outstanding Balances

Month-To-Date	Prior Month	30 Days	60 Days	90 Days	Balance
15,359.85	6,134.41				

HF1028

FOR REGISTRATION JUDITH A. GIBSON
REGISTER OF DEEDS
MECKLENBURG COUNTY, NC
2002 SEP 05 01:20 PM
BOOK:14029 PAGE:192-195 FEE:$20.00
INSTRUMENT # 2002171789

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF MECKLENBURG

WASTEWATER TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL SYSTEM DESIGN AGREEMENT: 15A NCAC 18A .1948 AND ANY OF THE FOLLOWING RULES: .1956; .1957(a); .1957(b); or .1957(c); OR .1969

FILE # 4965B
PARCEL # 195-072-18

The undersigned, NVR Inc dba Ryan Homes, owner of property located at 12604 Early Meadow Way, (the "site") and described in an instrument recorded in Book 35 at Page 829, Mecklenburg Public Registry, hereby acknowledges that the undersigned applied to the Mecklenburg County Health Department (the "Department") for a permit to install a septic tank sewage disposal system on the site; that the Department evaluated the site for suitability for such a system in accordance with the regulations promulgated by the North Carolina Commission for Health Services as 15A NCAC 18A .1900 et seq.; that the Department originally classified the site as "unsuitable" pursuant to the standards set forth in the regulations; that the undersigned requested that the Department reclassify the site as "provisionally suitable" in light of the particular septic tank system proposed by the undersigned; that the Department considered various studies, data, and other information which indicate to the Department that the septic tank system proposed by the undersigned is allowed by the rules; and that the Department therefore reclassified the site as "provisionally suitable" and issued an appropriate permit for such proposed septic tank system.

The undersigned further acknowledges that the proper design, construction, operation and maintenance of such septic tank system is the responsibility of the designer, owner, developer, installer, or user of the system, as applicable, and that neither the Department nor its officials, employees, or agents warrant or guarantee that the said system installed pursuant to the permit issued by the Department will function in a satisfactory manner for any given period of time or that the Department, its officials, employees or agents assume any liability for any damages of any kind which are caused, or which may be caused, by a malfunction of such system.

The undersigned further acknowledges that the following conditions will apply to the site:

This instrument was prepared by: NVR Inc dba Ryan Homes
Mail after recording to: 10815 David Taylor Dr
Charlotte NC 28262

Mecklenburg County
Health Department

June 25, 2002

NVR, Inc DBA Ryan Homes
10815 David Taylor Drive
Charlotte, NC 28262

Re: Application for improvement permit for
Property Site: 12604 Early Meadow Way
Health Department file no. 4965B

Dear Property Owner or Owner's Agent:

The Mecklenburg County Health Department, Environmental Health Division on June 6, 2002 evaluated the above-referenced property at the site designated on the plat/site plan that accompanied your improvement permit application. According to your application the site is to serve a 5-bedroom residence, with a design wastewater flow of ___480____gallons per day. The evaluation was done in accordance with the laws and rules governing wastewater systems in North Carolina General Statute 130A-333 and related statutes and Title 15A, Subchapter 18A, of the North Carolina Administrative Code, Rule .1900 and related rules.

Based on the criteria set out in Title 15A, Subchapter 18A, of the North Carolina Administrative Code, Rules .1940 through .1948, the evaluation indicated that the site is **UNSUITABLE for** a ground absorption sewage system. Therefore, your request for an improvement permit is **DENIED.** A copy of the site evaluation is enclosed. The site is unsuitable based on the following:

____X____Unsuitable soil topography and/or landscape position (Rule .1940)
_____Unsuitable soil characteristics (structure or clay mineralogy) (Rule .1941)
_____Unsuitable soil wetness condition (Rule .1942)
_____Unsuitable soil depth (Rule .1943)
_____Presence of restrictive horizon (Rule .1944)
____X____Insufficient space for septic system and repair area (Rule .1945)
_____Unsuitable for meeting required setbacks (Rule .1950)
_____Other (Rule .1946)

For the reasons set out above, the property is currently classified **UNSUITABLE,** and an improvement permit shall not be issued for this site in accordance with Rule .1948 (c).

However, the site classified as **UNSUITABLE** may be classified as **PROVISIONALLY SUITABLE** if written documentation is provided that meets the requirements of Rule .1948(d). A copy of this rule is enclosed. You may hire a consultant to assist you if you wish to try to develop a plan under which your site could be reclassified as **PROVISIONALLY SUITABLE.**

You have a right to an informal review of this decision. You may request an informal review by the soil scientist or environmental health supervisor at the local health department. You may also request an informal review by the N. C. Department of Environment and Natural Resources regional soil specialist. A request for informal review must be made in writing to the local health department.

You also have a right to a formal appeal of this decision. To pursue a formal appeal, you must file a petition for a contested case hearing with the Office of Administrative Hearings, 6714 Mail Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-6714. To get a copy of a petition form, you may write the Office of Administrative Hearings or call the office at (919) 733-0926. The petition for a contested case hearing must be filed in accordance with the provision of North Carolina General Statutes 130A-24 and 150B-23 and all other applicable provisions of Chapter 150B. N. C. General Statue 130A-335(g) provides that your hearing would be held in the county where your property is located.

Please note: If you wish to pursue a formal appeal, you must file the petition form with the Office of Administrative Hearings **WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THIS LETTER.** The date of this letter is June 25, 2002. Meeting the 30-day deadline is critical to your right to a formal appeal. Beginning a formal appeal within 30 days will not interfere with any informal review that you might request. Do no wait for the outcome of any informal review if you wish to file a formal appeal.

If you file a petition for a contested case hearing with the Office of Administrative Hearings, you are required by law (N.C. General Statute 150B-23) to send a copy of your petition to the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources. Send the copy to: Office of General Counsel, N. C. Department of Environment and Natural Resources, 1601 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC. 27699-1601. Do **NOT** send the copy of the petition to your local health department. Sending a copy of your petition to the local health department will **NOT** satisfy the legal requirement in N.C. General Statute 150B-23 that you send a copy to the Office of General Counsel, NCDENR.

You may call or write the local health department if you need any additional information or assistance.

Sincerely,

Joshua R. Sellers R.S.

Joshua R. Sellers, R.S.
Authorized Agent - DENR

Encl: (2)

Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources
Division of Environmental Health
On-site Wastewater Section

Sheet: 1
Property ID: 195-072-18
Lot #: 28
File #: 4965B
Code: 2

SOIL/SITE EVALUATION
for ON-SITE WASTEWATER SYSTEM

Owner: NVR. Inc. dba Ryan Homes
Applicant:
Address: 10815 David Taylor Drive, Charlotte, N. C. 28262
Date Evaluated: 06/06/2002
Proposed Facility: Residence
Design Flow (.1949): 600gpd
Property Size: .69aa
Location of Site: 12604 Early Meadow Way
Property Recorded:
Water Supply: [x] Public [ ] Individual [ ] Well [ ] Spring [ ] Other
Evaluation Method: [x] Auger Boring [x] Pit [ ] Cut
Type of Wastewater: [x] Sewage [ ] Industrial Process [ ] Mixed

PROFILE #	.1940 Landscape Position/ Slope%	Horizon Depth (IN.)	SOIL MORPHOLOGY .1941 .1941 Structure/ Texture	.1941 Consistence Mineralogy	OTHER PROFILE FACTORS .1942 Soil Wetness/ Color	.1943 Soil Depth (IN.)	.1956 Sapro Class	.1944 Restr Horiz	Profile Class & LTAR
1	LS, 8	0-16	GR/CL	FR/SEXP/SS/SP	>50" To SOIL WETNESS	50	N/A	NONE	PS, IV .275GPD/FT^2
		16-50	SBK/C	FI/SEXP/S/P					
2	"	0-10	GR/CL	FR/SEXP/SS/SP	"	"	"	"	"
		10-29	SBK/CL	FR/SEXP/SS/SP					
		29-50	SBK/C	FI/SEXP/S/P					
3	"	0-10	COMPACTED	FILL	>38" TO SOIL WETNESS	38	"	"	"
		10-15	GR/CL	FR/SEXP/SS/SP					
		15-38	SBK/C	FI/SEXP/S/P					
4	"	0-6	COMPACTED	FILL	>50" TO SOIL WETNESS	50	"	"	PS, IV .3GPD/FT^2
		6-18	GR/CL	FR/SEXP/SS/SP					
		18-34	SBK/C	FI/SEXP/S/P					
		34-50	SBK/CL	FR/SEXP/SS/SP					

Description	Initial System	Repair System
Available Space (.1945)	US	US
System Type(s)		
Site LTAR	.275GPD/FT^2	.275GPD/FT^2

Other Factors (.1946): _____
Site Classification (.1948): UNSUITABLE
Evaluated By: W. R. Marlin, LSS, 6/602. W. R. Marlin
Others Present:

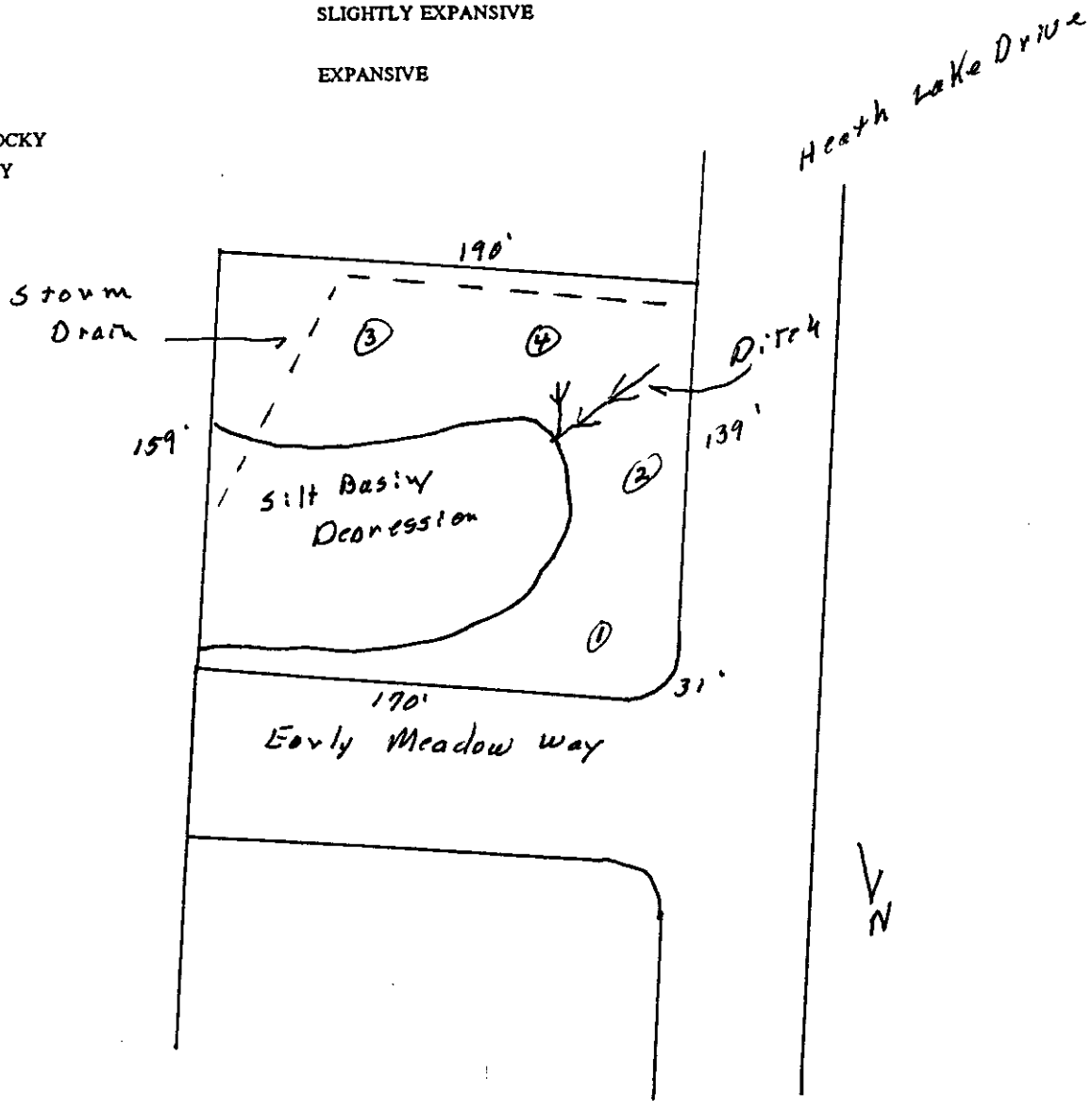
FILE # 49653

COMMENTS 100% Repair

LANDSCAPE POSITION	GROUP	TEXTURE	.1955 LTAR
R-RIDGE	I	S-SAND	1.2-0.8
S-SHOULDER SLOPE		LS-LOAMY SAND	
L-LINEAR SLOPE			
FS-FOOT SLOPE	II	SL-SANDY LOAM	0.8-0.6
N-NOSE SLOPE		L-LOAM	
H-HEAD SLOPE			
CC-CONCLAVE SLOPE	III	SI-SILT	0.6-0.3
CV-CONVEX SLOPE		SICL-SILTY CLAY LOAM	
T-TERRACE		CL-CLAY LOAM	
FP-FLOOD PLAIN		SCL-SANDY CLAY LOAM	
	IV	SC-SANDY CLAY	0.4-0.1
		SIC-SILTY CLAY	
		O-ORGANIC	

CONSISTENCE MOIST	CONSISTENCE WET
VFR-VERY FRIABLE	NS-NON-STICKY
FR-FRIABLE	SS-SLIGHTLYSTICKY
FI-FIRM	S-STICKY
VFI-VERY FIRM	VS-VERY STICKY
EFI-EXTREMELY FIRM	NP-NON-PLASTIC
	SP-SLIGHTLYSTICKY
	P-PLASTIC
	VP-VERY PLASTIC

STRUCTURE	MINERALOGY
SG-SINGLE GRAIN	SLIGHTLY EXPANSIVE
M-MASSIVE	
CR-CRUMB	EXPANSIVE
GR-GRANULAR	
SBK-SUBANGULAR BLOCKY	
ABK-ANGULAR BLOCKY	
PL-PLATY	
PR-PRISMATIC	



FEE: 200.00 CK# 73-049

DATE: 5/24/02 SC

APPLICATION FOR IMPROVEMENT PERMIT
FOR RESIDENTIAL SITE
INDIVIDUAL WATER AND WASTEWATER
SYSTEMS PROGRAM HF1028

[ ] CRT

TYPE APPLICATION: ___ NEW SYSTEM ___ EXPANSION/ ALTERATION OF EXISTING SYSTEM ___ REPAIR OF EXISTING SYSTEM

NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT,
HEALTH, AND NATURAL RESOURCES
DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
ON-SITE WASTEWATER SECTION

FILE #: 4965B

PROPERTY INFORMATION (FROM ENGINEERING FORM) FOR JOB LOCATION:

TAX/PARCEL NUMBER: 195-07218

STREET ADDRESS: 12604 Early Meadow Way

SUBDIVISION OR MOBILE HOME PARK NAME: HEATHFIELD

LOT NUMBER: #28

TYPE OF BUILDING (CHECK ONE):

___ SINGLE MOBILE HOME(S)
___ DOUBLE WIDE (D)
X HOUSE (H)
___ MODULAR HOME (M)
___ MULTIPLE FAMILY (U)
___ OTHER (O)

TOWNSHIP (CHECK ONE):

___ 0 MECKLENBURG
___ 1 CHARLOTTE
___ 2 DAVIDSON
___ 3 CORNELIUS
___ 4 PINEVILLE
___ 5 MATTHEWS
___ 6 HUNTERSVILLE
X 7 MINT HILL

HEATED SQUARE FOOTAGE:

NUMBER OF BEDROOMS: NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS:

CLOSING DATE: _____

FOUNDATION FOR RESIDENCE:

___ WITHOUT BASEMENT
___ ON SLAB
X CRAWL SPACE
___ WITH BASEMENT /PLUMBING
___ WITH BASEMENT /NO PLUMBING

IF EXPANSION/ALTERATION OF EXISTING SYSTEM, DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED BUILDING ADDITION:

WILL THERE BE A HOME BUSINESS IN THE RESIDENCE: ___ YES X NO TYPE: _____

WATER SUPPLY (CHECK ONE):

X COMMUNITY (C)
___ MUNICIPAL (M)
___ PRIVATE WELL (P)
___ SHARED WELL (S)
___ OTHER 'SPRINGS' (O)

IF ANY OF THE FOLLOWING ARE LOCATED ON THE PROPERTY, PLEASE SHOW LOCATION ON PLAT:

BURIED CABLES, LANDFILLS, STUMPHOLES ___ YES X NO
EXISTING WASTEWATER SYSTEMS ___ YES X NO
EASTMENTS OR RIGHT-OF-WAYS X YES ___ NO
WELL, SPRINGS OR WATERLINES X YES ___ NO
DESIGNATED WETLANDS X YES ___ NO

PROPERTY OWNER: NVR, INC DBA Ryan Homes

NAME: (LAST) (FIRST) (MI)

ADDRESS: 10815 David Taylor Dr

CITY Charlotte STATE: NC ZIP: 28262

DAYTIME PHONE: 704 - 548-3534

LEGAL AGENT FOR PROPERTY OWNER, IF APPLICABLE:

NAME: (LAST) (FIRST) (MI)

DAYTIME PHONE: ( ) -

WHAT DATE WAS THE PROPERTY ORIGINALLY DEEDED AND RECORDED? _____

An Improvement Permit is subject to suspension or revocation if site plans or the intended use change or if information submitted in this application is falsified or changed. The undersigned, owner, or legal agent for the owner, of the property described above as the "Job Location" has read the foregoing application, acknowledges that the contents of same are true, and authorizes agents of the Mecklenburg County Health Department to enter onto the property for the purpose of processing this request.

SIGNED: Kathleen Warner DATE: 5/22/02

MECKLENBURG COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT
ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DIVISION
c/o HAL MARSHALL CTR., SUITE 211, 700 N. TRYON ST., CHARLOTTE, N.C. 28202., (704) 336-5102

MECKLENBURG COUNTY
LAND USE AND ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES
Payment Receipt

Receipt Information

Date:	05/24/02	**Amount:**	200.00
Receipt #:	8375	**Tendered:**	200.00
Check / Auth #:	CHECK 7350	**Returned:**	0.00
Received By:	CRAIGGY		

Account Information

Account #:	200000
Contractor:	RYAN HOMES
Attn:	
Address:	10815 DAVID TAYLOR DRIVE
Address:	
City/State/Zip:	CHARLOTTE, NC 28262

Item	Description	Permit#	Quantity	Unit Price	Total Price
0701	Improvment Permit App-Residen 12604 EARLY MEADOW WAY		1	200.00	200.00

Outstanding Balances

Month-To-Date	Prior Month	30 Days	60 Days	90 Days	Balance

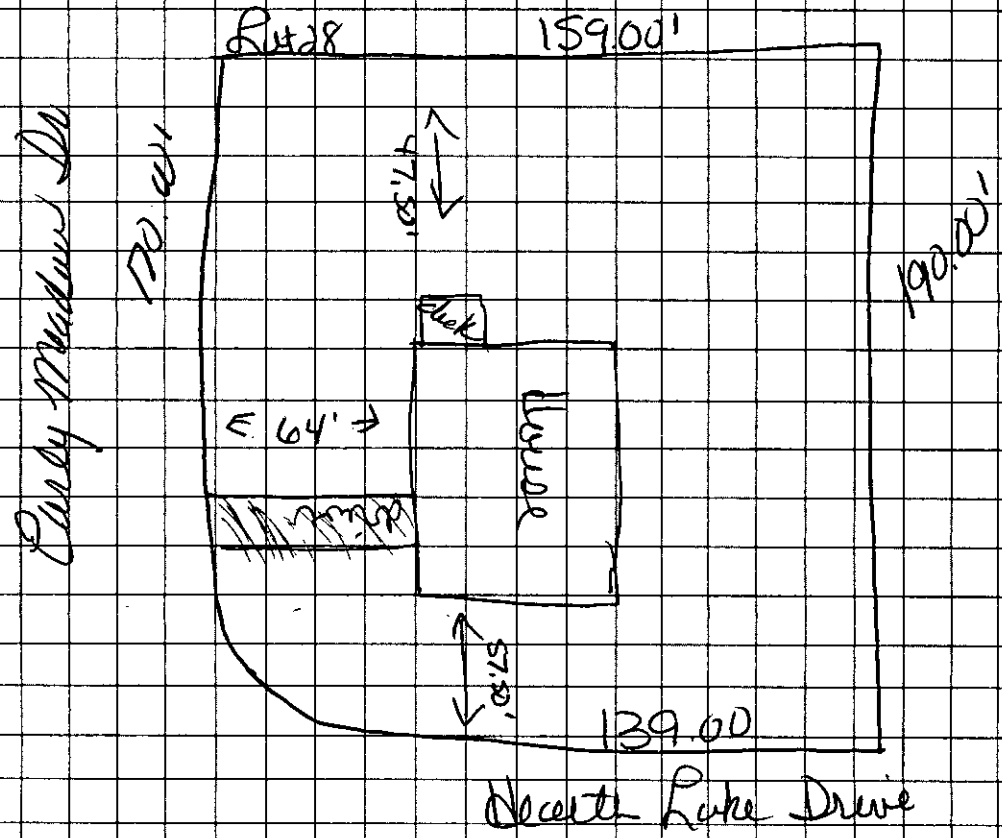
PROPOSED PLOT PLAN

HEALTH DEPARTMENT
ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DIVISION
700 NORTH TRYON STREET
CHARLOTTE, NC 28202
PHONE (704) 336-5102

FILE: 4965B

TC: 195-072-18

Draw in and name all roads adjoining the property. Draw in and accurately dimension the lot concerned. Accurately indicate property boundaries proposed and/or existing structures and driveways, underground utilities, and wells and springs within 100 feet of the proposed building or drainfield.



Kathleen Warren
OWNER/AGENT SIGNATURE

DATE 5/22/02

APPROVAL DATE _____

White - Health Department's Copy Canary - E.H.S. Copy Pink - Owner's Copy

HF1028

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

S-2202

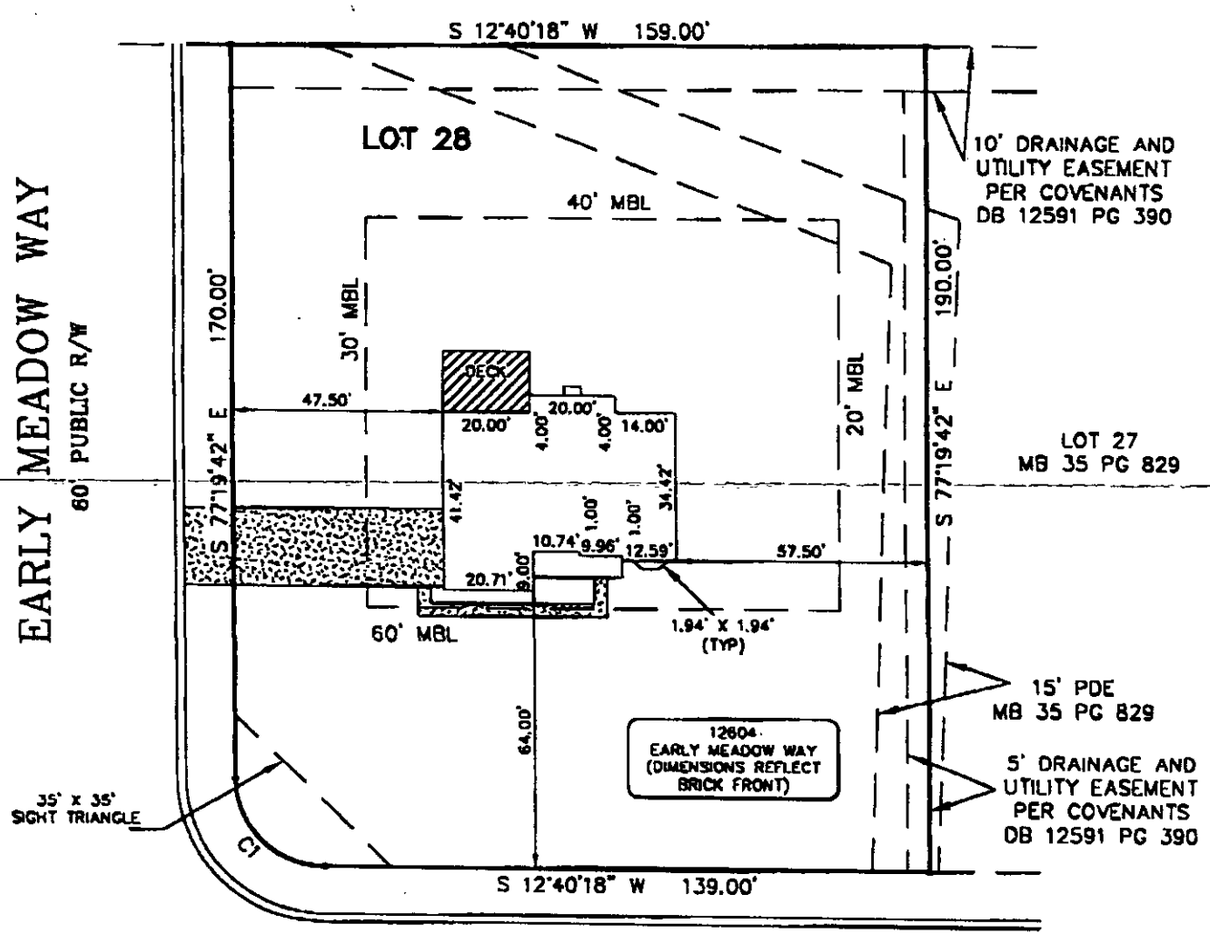
PREPARED BY:

DELTA LAND SERVICES, INC.
6033 FLORENCE AVENUE, SUITE 100
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA 28212
(704) 536-6190

THIS SITE PLAN IS TO SHOW THE PROPOSED LOCATION OF THE HOUSE ON THE LOT AND IS NOT TO BE RELIED UPON FOR CONSTRUCTION.

MB 35 PG 829

SCALE: 1" = 40'



HEATH LAKE DRIVE

60' PUBLIC R/W

DRIVEWAY SF
= 1053.0 SF±

CURVE TABLE					
CURVE	RADIUS	LENGTH	CHORD	BEARING	DELTA
C1	20.00'	31.42'	28.28'	S57°40'18"W	90°00'00"

NOT FOR RECORDATION, CONVEYANCES OR SALES

Subdivision HEATHFIELD SUBDIVISION, PHASE 1, MAP 1 County Mecklenburg
Address 12604 Early Meadow Way Owner Ryan Homes
Lot 28 Block ___ Plan Avalon Elevation D Drive (Left) Side (Right) ___ (Courtyard) ___ Deck X
Patio ___ Fireplace X Garage (1 Car) ___ (2 Car) X (3 Car) ___ Brick Front Basement ___ Curtain Wall X
Crawl ___ Slab ___ Other Bonus Room, Bay Window Per Plan, Partial Front Porch

REVISED:

DWN: JTC CKD: MAD DATE: 05/22/02

G:\HEATHFIELD\HF-0028.dwg - JTC